# FINANCIAL SECURITY: 2021/22 Appendix E



**Overall Equality Impact Assessment of proposals** 

#### Equality at Stevenage Borough Council

Stevenage Borough Council as a service provider, employer and community leader is committed to achieving equal opportunities for everyone. We want to deliver services that are fair, accessible and open to everyone who needs them.

Equality Impact Assessments (EqIAs) are an important part of the process in ensuring that our intention is translated into action. They help to ensure that decisions are made in a fair, transparent and accountable way, considering the needs and the rights of different people in the community.

Based on the protected characteristics under the Equality Act 2010, the EqIA considers the impact on the following groups when making decisions, updating policies and starting new projects:

- Age
- Disability
- Gender reassignment
- Marital status
- Pregnancy and maternity
- Race
- Religion or belief
- Sex
- Sexual orientation.

Although non-statutory, the Council has chosen to adopt the Socio-Economic Duty and so decision-makers should use their discretion in considering the impact on people in terms of their social or economic background.

EqIAs also help the Council to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the Public Sector Equality Duty (Section 149 of the Equality Act 2010). The Duty states that a public authority must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to:

- eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other conduct that is unlawful under this Act
- advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not
- foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.

#### Savings Proposals 2021/22

Prior to their consideration at Executive in December 2020, all savings proposals were reviewed to determine any potential impact on Stevenage residents in terms of their protected characteristics under the Equality Act 2010. Some of these have no public impact and so have not been subject to any further EqIA.

Where a negative, positive or disproportionate impact is likely, Assistant Directors and other appropriate managers have drafted Brief or Full EqIAs. These have been summarised over the following pages and will inform the recommendations made at Executive on 20/1/2021 and 10/2/2021. Action to further analyse or mitigate the impact on equality groups is identified where appropriate.

The following activity has taken/will take place:

December 2020 – February 2021	EqIAs finalised considering further evidence as necessary
January and February 2021	Consideration of all completed EqIAs at Council meetings

Saving Ref	Saving/Income proposed	Summary of potential impact	Action	Contact Officer
FS1	Reduce Holiday play schemes to pop-up activities similar to the offer throughout Summer 2020.	<ul> <li>Full – Positive / Negative Impact</li> <li>Overview</li> <li>This unique service is highly valued by its users and members of the council. These initiatives are part of the wider service review undertaken in 2019/20 which has not yet been able to be implemented due to the pandemic.</li> <li>This will be further augmented by the introduction of an advanced booking system for the three play centres combined with a pay and play system for non-Stevenage residents and professional childminders.</li> <li>Age &amp; Socio-Economic</li> <li>There may be a barrier to access for users who cannot access technology to make an advanced booking system to allow people without the ability to make an advanced booking to still access the service.</li> <li>However, the project will be more reactive and be able to respond to a wider group of young people who would not normally be able to access the service.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Define an appropriate user friendly easy to use cost effective advanced booking system and implement. Implement a cashless payment system.</li> <li>Stakeholder consultation as part of the 2019/20 delayed Play Review</li> </ol>	Rob Gregory/ Geoff Caine
FS3	Cease funding of PCSOs.	Full – Slight Negative Impact Overview This proposal would mean that there are likely to be less PCSOs available in the Community. However, there is	The introduction of the Co-Operative Neighbourhood programme	Rob Gregory/ Sarah Pateman

Saving Ref	Saving/Income proposed	Summary of potential impact	Action	Contact Officer
		significant cross over between the duties of the SBC Neighbourhood Wardens and the PCSOs. This financial security saving is made possible due to the success of this team and is expected to reach further maturity as the Council's Co-operative Neighbourhoods approach becomes fully embedded. A number of other districts across Hertfordshire have ceased funding PCSOs over recent years. This reflects the situation nationally where funding is allocated through Police and Crime Commissioners.		
FS5	Increase allotment fees to breakeven levels. Consider phasing the increase over 2/3 years.	<ul> <li>Full – Positive / Negative Impact</li> <li>Overview</li> <li>Increases to the allotment charges will ensure that this service remains available to residents, whilst ensuring that it is not subsidised as is currently the case. Allotment charges will be increased gradually over two years and concessions of 25% will be available to those residents who qualify for means tested benefits.</li> <li>Increases to fees would see Stevenage charge similar fees to nearby local authorities. Feedback from plot holders indicates that Stevenage has one of the best allotment services in Hertfordshire</li> <li>Socio-Economic / Age</li> <li>Whenever fees and charges are raised, this is the main category that is impacted. Despite a rise in costs, concessions</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Raise awareness of concessions available to those on means tested benefits.</li> <li>Undertake consultation with plot holders to determine levels of satisfaction with the allotment service, including fees and charges.</li> <li>Monitor level of waiting list and the number of plots given up following the increase, and compare with previous years.</li> </ol>	Steve Dupoy/ Julia Hill

Saving Ref	Saving/Income proposed	Summary of potential impact	Action	Contact Officer
		are available for those on means tested benefits. Some plot holders with multiple plots may have to reduce the area of land they allotment garden at present and those plot who can no longer afford their plots may have to give them up.		
FS13	Cease the community transport provision in entirety.	<ul> <li>Full – Negative / Unequal Impact</li> <li>Overview The service is highly valued by its users as it enables them to socialise with others outside of their homes. However, there are no other district councils in Hertfordshire that provide a similar service relying instead on services provided by North Herts CVS and HCC Dial a Ride. </li> <li>Age The primary user group are older people; this local service will no longer be made available to them. We can signpost existing users to other local services. Disability Many of the current users have health issues that inhibit them from social events outside of their homes. The loss of service could adversely affect their general health and wellbeing. Socio-Economic As the service is not means tested we cannot define any differential impact on users. However, this is likely to have a disproportionate impact upon those of greater socio-economic need.</li></ul>	<ol> <li>Consultation with stakeholders. Work with Stevenage &amp; North Herts CVS and HCC Dial a ride to fully understand how those services can mitigate the loss of SBC Community Transport Service</li> <li>From information derived from other partners and the community, design a leaflet/download to be distributed to both existing and potential users outlining the services available to them. Ensure every client is contacted and talked through options.</li> </ol>	Rob Gregory/ Geoff Caine

Saving Ref	Saving/Income proposed	Summary of potential impact	Action	Contact Officer
FS23	CSC and Customer-Focus redesign and efficiencies.	Full – Unequal Impact         Overview         Overall the proposal will not have negative impacts as we aim to maintain current service levels. Customers will still be able to access services over the telephone or access services face to face.         If the Council failed to provide non-digital means of engaging with it, that could be to the detriment of people who do not have the skills or capabilities to engage online which may overlap with many of the protected characteristics.         Age         Research evidence from ONS data suggests that older people tend to be less digitally active, and potentially at risk of digital exclusion, although the picture is complex and social class / income can be a relevant factor too.         If the Council stopped providing telephone or face to face support that could be to the detriment of those older people who do not have the skills or capabilities to engage online.         Disability         People with some types of disability may have difficulties using or making the most of digital technologies. These people may benefit less from enhanced digital channels.         Socio-Economic	<ol> <li>Measure the take up of digital services by different groups and use the insight to design future services.</li> <li>Ensure the customer service model supports those who cannot benefit from digital channels by providing alternatives.</li> </ol>	Ruth Luscombe/ Greg Arends

Saving Ref	Saving/Income proposed	Summary of potential impact	Action	Contact Officer
		Low income, social class and social housing tenancy have been identified in some research as indicators of whether someone is likely to have the competence, confidence and capability to make the most of digital technologies.		
FS25	Print Room	Brief – Unequal Impact         Overview         This saving involves the closing of the print room and the putting into place of alternative arrangements including paperless committee meetings, digital alternatives and directing work through Docmail print service.         Age         Digital alternatives to printed documents may disproportionately impact on older people. Research evidence from ONS data suggests that older people tend to be less digitally active, and potentially at risk of digital exclusion, although the picture is complex and social class / income can be a relevant factor too.         Socio-Economic         Digital alternatives to printed documents may disproportionately impact some socio economic groups. Low income, social class and social housing tenancy have been identified in some research as indicators of whether someone is likely to have the competence, confidence and capability to make the most of digital technologies.         If the Council failed to provide non-digital means of engaging	Complete Full EQIA assessment.	Ruth Luscombe

Saving Ref	Saving/Income proposed	Summary of potential impact	Action	Contact Officer
		with it, that could be to the detriment of people who do not have the skills or capabilities to engage online.		
FS28	Reduce LCB costs budgets and convene with Neighbourhood areas	<ul> <li>Full – Positive / Negative / Unequal Impact</li> <li>Overview</li> <li>LCB funding will be reduced to £1500 from £2500 for each Ward Member from the new financial year (21/22 budget). This means that LCB funding is still available, judged by the same criteria that it has been in previous years. However, as funding is reduced this may impact on the current offer available and impede new activities from commencing.</li> <li>The application process supports equal opportunities in the way it is administered and how decisions are made as to whose application is approved.</li> <li>Age</li> <li>Previous LCB applications have often focussed around supporting the older population and the very young. It is apparent that both these groups disproportionately benefit from the funding.</li> <li>Disability</li> <li>Less than 10% of applications last year were from groups supporting this protected characteristic. This suggests they are less likely to benefit from the funding in its current format.</li> </ul>	To promote LCB funding wider and to provide Community Development support to consider other sources of funding.	Rob Gregory/ Jane Konopka
		About 85% of LCB applications are currently made by women,		

Saving Ref	Saving/Income proposed	Summary of potential impact	Action	Contact Officer
		suggesting that this group may be disproportionately affected by a reduction in available funding. <b>Socio-Economic</b> Individuals with greater socio-economic need are more likely to benefit from the LCB process, although they may not submit applications themselves, the organisations that do often cater for individuals in this group.		
FS38 FS41	Charge garages for 52 weeks, rather than 50. Increase on average the garage rents for Category A-C by £0.25/week and road facing garages by £0.30/week. Increase £2 VCS charge to £2.25.	<ul> <li>Full – Negative Impact</li> <li>Overview</li> <li>Changes to charging for garages from April 2021 onwards. Transition to charging for 52 weeks per year (as opposed to 50 weeks per year) plus a 2% increase in garage charges, equating to an overall 6% increase in fees in real terms. Changes to garages charging for the Voluntary and Community Sector (VCS) from £2 per week to £2.25 per week.</li> <li>Benchmarking information shows that with the new pricing SBC will be middle of the range for garage charging. Dacorum council charge £15.78 per week over 52 weeks of the year (£16.86 if in one of their 'high demand' areas), Luton council £12.00 over 52 weeks of the year and Brentwood council £11.74 over 52 weeks of the year.</li> <li>Disability</li> <li>Residents with disabilities are placed at the top of the garages waiting list after 6 months and can select from available garages at this stage.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Offer cheaper garages where possible to tenants who do not wish to incur additional charges.</li> <li>Offer flexible payment plans to clear arrears</li> <li>Monitor feedback from VCS organisations on the impact of increased charges.</li> </ol>	Steve Dupoy/ Nadia Capuano

Saving Ref	Saving/Income proposed	Summary of potential impact	Action	Contact Officer
		<ul> <li>Socio-Economic</li> <li>The changes to pricing may impact on those who are unemployed or who have seen their income reduced; this figure is likely to be higher than in recent times due to the impact of Covid-19.</li> <li>Despite these increases to charges, a number of mitigating factors have already been considered. These include the offer of cheaper garages to those seeking to terminate their tenancy and the offer of bubble garages for storage options. Payment plans are also offered as a temporary measure to those that are struggling to pay garage rentals.</li> </ul>		
		There is likely to be a low negative impact on VCS as a result of the increase in their pricing as this equates to 25p extra per week or £13 per year, which is lower in monetary terms than the increase on the majority of the garage stock.		
FS40	Relocate VCS garages to lower demand areas.	Brief – Neutral Impact Overview SBC's Conditions of Tenancy state that VCS organisations occupying high demand garages are 'required and agree to transfer to an area of low demand'. This is applicable to 47 organisations.	Monitoring feedback from VCS organisations following proposal of move into low-demand garages.	Steve Dupoy/ Nadia Capuano
		This proposal does not reduce the number of available VCS garages available, nor does it prevent organisations from registering on the waiting list.		

Saving Ref	Saving/Income proposed	Summary of potential impact	Action	Contact Officer
		<ul> <li>Tenants will be moved to garages as close to their existing garage as possible to minimise disruption.</li> <li>Age Older members of VCS organisations may find it more difficult to move items into a different garage. </li> <li>Disability Disabled members of VCS organisations may find it more difficult to move items into a different garage.</li></ul>		
FS43	Reduce Professional Training Budget	Brief – Unknown / Neutral ImpactOverviewThis proposed saving involves the reduction of the professional training budget. Where possible professional qualifications would be paid for by the apprenticeship levy.Currently no workforce information is monitored on the take up of learning and development opportunities by protected characteristic group.However, learning and development opportunities are available and taken up by all staff regardless of their background. In response to the Covid pandemic more learning and development offers are available virtually.	Record protected characteristics data on staff completing learning and development courses	Clare Davies/ Kirsten Frew

Saving Ref	Saving/Income proposed	Summary of potential impact	Action	Contact Officer
FS44	Reduce Graduate Training Budget.	<ul> <li>Brief – Insignificant Impact</li> <li>Overview</li> <li>This proposed saving involves the reduction of the graduate training budget. The number of employees impacted by the savings is less than 5 and therefore the protected characteristics have not identified in the EQIA for reasons of anonymity.</li> <li>However, all graduates at SBC are from the National Local development Government Scheme and have a full learning and programme.</li> </ul>		Clare Davies/ Kirsten Frew
FS45	Stop taking cash payments for Car Parks, depot and CSC ATM.	Brief – Equal Impact         Overview         We know that Cash represented only 1.17% of payments collected last year and alternative means are available for all services. This saving proposes that the council stop collecting cash in order to support financial security.         We do not know who pays for car parking in cash. However there are a number of alternatives, including card for car parks and phone payments for on street parking.         Socio-Economic         Those small minorities of people who may not have a bank account may be negatively impacted. Cash payments which would have been made to Customer Services can still be made via the Post Office.	Keep payment options under review in response to customer feedback	Ruth Luscombe

Saving Ref	Saving/Income proposed	Summary of potential impact	Action	Contact Officer
FS19	Combine the Residents and Star Surveys	<ul> <li>Brief – Positive / Negative / Unequal Impact</li> <li>Overview This proposal suggests combining the Town-wide Resident Survey and the Council Tenant Satisfaction Survey (STAR).  There are also plans to undertake other complementary community engagement activities. Age - Older People It will not be possible within a combined, shorter survey to ask specific additional questions to Independent Living Scheme tenants, and the number of responses from these tenants will be lower. This may be mitigated through a separate engagement activity. Age - Younger People As the Resident Survey is targeted at householders, the profile of respondents is inherently older than the general resident population. By undertaking other engagement activity specifically targeted at younger people, the views of this group will be better captured. Sex/Age/Ethnic Origin/Disability/Marital &amp; Working Status  The surveys collect information in respect of sex, age, ethnic origin, disability, marital status and working status. This enables some analysis of the profile of tenants and residents to be undertaken and enables significant differences to be identified.</li></ul>	1. Establish the revised Resident/STAR survey sampling/questionnaire approach 2. Develop an engagement plan incorporating both the Resident/STAR survey and other engagement activities	Rob Gregory/ Katrina Shirley

Saving Ref	Saving/Income proposed	Summary of potential impact	Action	Contact Officer
		<ul> <li>However, all results are subject to sampling tolerances and not all differences are statistically significant. By complementing the surveys with a range of focused engagement activities, a greater diversity of views can be captured.</li> <li>Religion or Belief/Gender Reassignment /Sexual Orientation</li> <li>Previous surveys have not analysed results in relation to religion, gender reassignment and sexual orientation. Plans to undertake further engagement activities will provide the opportunity to capture the views of these protected</li> </ul>		
		characteristic groups.		
Fees and Charges	Increase in cemeteries fees and charges.	Full – Negative / Unequal Impact Overview Increases in fees and charges related to burials will likely result in some disproportionate impacts to several of the protected characteristic groups.	Continue to monitor impact of charges on service and numbers of services being undertaken	Steve Dupoy/ Lloyd Walker
		<ul> <li>However, alternatives are in place that would offer those groups some mitigation against these changes.</li> <li>Socio-Economic Increased charges will impact on ability to pay for service for some users; this is likely to disproportionately affect users of a lower socio-economic group. However, the council offers a</li> </ul>		

Saving Ref	Saving/Income proposed	Summary of potential impact	Action	Contact Officer
		range of interment options of differing fees to ensure the services are inclusive to all including the new Sanctum product range. This product is a more affordable offering compared to burial or interment options.		
FS6-FS7	Grassland management	Full – Positive / Neutral ImpactOverviewResidents will still be able to access public spaces due to pathways being cut through meadow grasslands.Parks are still able to be used be all residents, at no charge. There are no further barriers to entry for residents due to these changes.Disability Paths cut through meadows will be wide enough to ensure that disabled access is still possible.Socio-Economic The parks are freely open to all members of the community.Parks have good public transport links through bus routes, cycle tracks and pedestrian footpaths.	Implement interpretation boards to explain why, how, and the benefits of managing meadow grassland in the parks. Signage will be designed to be as inclusive as possible for all Stevenage residents and visitors	Steve Dupoy/ Julia Hill

# Full Equality Impact Assessment

For a policy, project, service or other decision that is new, changing or under review

What is being assessed?			FS1 – Pop up Play and advanced bookings plus cashless payme systems in play.		
Lead Assessor	Geoff Caine			Assessment team	Geoff Caine Diane Wenham
Start date	9 November 2020 End date 31 March 2021				
When will the EqIA be Mo reviewed?		Monthly			

Who may be affected by it?	Young people, families with children, professional childminders, people who use the service who do
What are the key aims of it?	not reside in Stevenage. Two summer playschemes in Symonds Green and Bedwell The delivery of pop up play schemes in the summer school holidays within our parks and town centre, this will provide opportunities for a wider group of young people to access play as opposed to the two fixed locations where pop up play was previously provided. The introduction of an advanced booking system for the three play centres combined with a pay and play system for non-Stevenage residents and professional childminders will aid us in organising staffing resources, primarily deliver the service to Stevenage based young people and derive a small but new income stream.

What <b>positive measures</b> are in place (if any) to help <b>fulfil our legislative duties</b> to:						
Remove discrimination & harassment	Current Corporate policy on Equality and Diversity	Promote equal opportunities	Current Corporate policy on Equality and Diversity	Encourage good relations	Current Corporate policy on Equality and Diversity	

What sources of data /	Current usage data, unique number of users per centre, term and non-term time per annum.
information are you using to	
inform your assessment?	

This unique service is highly valued by its users and members of the council, These initiatives are part of the wider service review undertaken in 2019\20 which has not yet been able to be implemented due to the pandemic as the centres have not been open since March 2020. The review will allow the play service to provide services where it is shown there is most demand and
whilst reducing the overall cost to the council.

Evidence and impact assessment Explain the potential impact and opportunities it could have for people in terms of the following characteristics, where applicable:

Age						
Positive impact	more rea able to r wider gr people v	ect will be active and be espond to a oup of young vho would not v access the	Negative impact	The fixed pop up play offer at Symonds Green and Bedwell may reduce the opportunities for play in those areas.	Unequal impact	
Please evidence	the data	and	Due to the lockdown	we have not been able to	implement to new	operating model as
information you u	used to su		defined in the play review, however we have been able to trial pop up play in our parks			
assessment		within the summer albeit on a limited basis.				
		rice will promote of What do you still need The service needs to reopen to the service needs to the service needs to reopen to the service needs to t				
there to promote		its activities to	o ensure equality	to find out? Include in	new operating mo	odel and new

equality and inclusion?	and inclusion for access to its services.	actions (last page)	technology needs to be implemented, e.g. advanced booking system and cashless payment systems.
-------------------------	---	---------------------	--

Disability e.g. physical impairment, mental ill health, learning difficulties, long-standing illness						
Positive impact		vice is open to	Negative impact	Young people in	Unequal impact	
		g people with		Symonds Green and		
	disabiliti	es.		Bedwell areas may not		
				be able to access pop		
				up play or play centres.		
Please evidence the data and Due to the lock			Due to the lockdown	we have not been able to	implement to new	operating model as
information you u	ised to su		defined in the play review, however we have been able to trial pop up play in our parks			
assessment			within the summer a	lbeit on a limited basis.		
What opportunitie	es are	The play serv	ice will promote of	What do you still need	The service needs	s to reopen to test the
there to promote	there to promote its activities t		o ensure equality	to find out? Include in	new operating mo	del and new
equality and inclusion? and inclusion		for access to its	actions (last page)	technology needs	to be implemented,	
		services.			e.g. advanced boo	oking system and
					cashless payment	systems.

Gender reassignment						
Positive impact	The service is open to all young people.	Negative impact	Young people in Symonds Green and Bedwell areas may not be able to access pop up play or play centres.	Unequal impact		
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this		No evidence to supp	oort negative differing impa	act on gender reass	ignment	

assessment			
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?	The play service will promote of its activities to ensure equality and inclusion for access to its services.	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)	The service needs to reopen to test the new operating model and new technology needs to be implemented, e.g. advanced booking system and cashless payment systems.

Marriage or civil partnership							
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact			
Please evidence the data and No evidence to sup information you used to support this assessment		No evidence to supp	ort negative differing impa	ct on civil partnersh	nips		
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?			What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)				

Pregnancy &	Pregnancy & maternity						
Positive impact		vice is open to g people within	Negative impact		Unequal impact		
	Stevena	ge.					
Please evidence	Please evidence the data and		No evidence to support negative differing impact on pregnancy or maternity.				
information you ι	used to su	pport this				-	
assessment							
What opportunitie	es are			What do you still need			
there to promote				to find out? Include in			
equality and inclu	usion?			actions (last page)			

Race						
Positive impact	The project will be more reactive and be able to respond to a wider group of young people who would not normally access the service		Negative impact	Young people in Symonds Green and Bedwell areas may not be able to access pop up play or play centres.	Unequal impact	
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment			No evidence to supp	oort negative differing impa	act on race.	
there to promote its activities t		ice will promote of c ensure equality for access to its	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)	new operating mo	to be implemented, oking system and	

Religion or	Religion or belief						
Positive impact	The project will be more reactive and be able to respond to a wider group of young people who would not normally access the service	Negative impact	Young people in Symonds Green and Bedwell areas may not be able to access pop up play or play centres.	Unequal impact			
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment		No evidence to supp	oort negative differing impa	act on religion or be	lief.		

What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?	The play service will promote of its activities to ensure equality and inclusion for access to its services.	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)	The service needs to reopen to test the new operating model and new technology needs to be implemented, e.g. advanced booking system and cashless payment systems.
---	--	--	--

Sex						
Positive impact	more re able to i wider gr people	ect will be active and be respond to a roup of young who would not y access the	Negative impact		Unequal impact	
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment			No evidence to supp	ort negative differing impa	act on sex.	
there to promote its activities		<i>r</i> ice will promote of o ensure equality for access to its	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)	new operating mo	to be implemented, oking system and	

Sexual orientation e.g. straight, lesbian / gay, bisexual						
Positive impact	The project will be more reactive and be able to respond to a	Negative impact		Unequal impact		

peo	er group of young ble who would no nally access the ice				
Please evidence the d information you used t assessment		No evidence to supp	ort negative differing impa	act on sexual orienta	ation.
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion	hat opportunities are The play service to promote its activities t		What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)	new operating mo	to be implemented, oking system and

Socio-economic <sup>1</sup> e.g. low income, unemployed, homelessness, caring responsibilities, access to internet, public transport users, social value in procurement							
Positive impact	The project will be more reactive and be able to respond to a wider group of young people who would not normally access the service	Negative impact	There may be a barrier to access for users who cannot access technology to make an advanced booking. We will introduce a non- mandatory advanced booking system to allow people without the ability to make an advanced booking to still access the service.	Unequal impact			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Although non-statutory, the council has chosen to implement the Socio-Economic Duty and so decision-makers should use their discretion to consider the impact on people with a socio-economic disadvantage.

			Users within the Symonds Green and Bedwell areas may not be able to afford or get access to transport to other play services within the town.		
Please evidence the da		•	e schemes at Symonds G		
assessment sys stat und and min atte		system we have not be staffing the facilities be understaffing of schere and economically. The minders will generate	ovided during the panden be able to determine usage based on previous usage mes. A new system will all e payment system for nor a small amount of incom determine at this stage the bens.	ge in advance the te which can sometime llow us to staff facili n-residents and pro e or deter those gro	eam therefore are es lead to over or ities more efficiently fessional child oups from not
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?	activities to e inclusion for services. We service chan manner whic programme o initiatives on	vice will promote its ensure equality and access to its will promote the ges in an effective th will include a of educational how to use the ooking systems	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)		ivestigations on the & HCC Dial a ride to capacity and cost

Other please feel free to consider the potential impact on people in any other contexts						
	der the potent		e in any other contexts			
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact		
Please evidence the data	Please evidence the data and					
information you used to su	pport this					
assessment						
What opportunities are	·		What do you still need			
there to promote			to find out? Include in			
equality and inclusion?			actions (last page)			

### What are the findings of any consultation with:

	anigs of any consultation with.		
Staff?	Staffs have been fully involved in this project through the play review undertaken in 2019\20.	Residents?	We will consult with users, families and local residents once the play service re opens and include an educational programme on how to use the advanced booking system.
Voluntary & community sector?	We will consult with the voluntary and community sectors once the play service has reopened. As an integral part of the play review we will promote the availability of the play centres to be used by local groups outside of play service operating times this will increase occupancy and generate a small amount of income.	Partners?	We will consult with partners once the play service has reopened. As an integral part of the play review we will promote the availability of the play centres to be used by local groups outside of play service operating times this will increase occupancy and generate a small amount of income. We would encourage or partners to also promote this to groups that they work with.
Other stakeholders?	We will consult with key stakeholders once the play service has reopened.		

### **Overall conclusion & future activity**

Explain the overall findin	gs of the assessment and	reasons for outcome (please choose one):
1. No inequality, inclusion issues or opportunities to		
further improve have been	n identified	
Negative / unequal		
impact, barriers to		
inclusion or	2b. Continue as planned	
improvement		
opportunities identified		

	ded as a result of this assessme	•	nelp to <b>remov</b>	e discrimination &
	pportunities and / or encourac Will this help to remove,			How will this be embedded
Action	promote and / or encourage?	Responsible officer	Deadline	as business as usual?
Define an appropriate user friendly easy to use cost effective advanced booking system and implement. Implement a cashless payment system.	Easy to use accessible software which is free for the user can generate considerable interest and in turn usage of facilities. This will include an educational pice of the usage of the software for service users.	Geoff Caine	April 2020	Staff will be trained and we will be heavily promoting the advanced booking system. Pop up play is a model staff are well versed in delivering
Stakeholder consultation as part of the 2019/20 delayed Play Review	Enable a feedback mechanism for service users to help iterate upon the current model and improve performance.	Geoff Caine	November 2021	Once the play service is able to reopen this can be embedded into business as usual by creating a feedback loop with service users.

Approved by Assistant Director: Rob Gregory

### Date: 13/11/20 Full Equality Impact Assessment

For a policy, project, service or other decision that is new, changing or under review

What is being assessed? FS3 – Th		The Funding of	PCSOs by S	SBC	
Lead	Sarah Bataman/Bah Cragary			Assessment	Communities and Neighbourhoods
Assessor	Sarah Pateman/Rob Gregory			team	
Start date	12/11/2020	End date			
When will the EqIA be N//		N/A			

Who may be affected by it?	Hertfordshire Police
What are the key aims of it?	To meet the council's need for financial security.

What positive measure	<b>s</b> are in place (if any) to	o help <b>fulfil our le</b>	gislative duties to:		
Remove discrimination & harassment	N/A	Promote equal opportunities	N/A	Encourage good relations	Maintaining the council's Neighbourhood Warden team to maintain community relations and provide community reassurance. The council also

				provides a reporting centre for Hate Crime and has trained officers to address forms of hate crime witnessed.
--	--	--	--	---

What sources of data /	A number of other districts across Hertfordshire have ceased funding PCSOs over recent years.
information are you using to	This reflects the situation nationally where funding is allocated through Police and Crime
inform your assessment?	Commissioners.

In assessing the potential impact on people, are there any overall comments that	The council does not receive performance data on the impact of the funding provided to Hertfordshire Constabulary.
you would like to make?	There is significant cross over between the duties of the SBC Neighbourhood Wardens and the PCSOs provided by the Hertfordshire Constabulary. This financial security necessity is made possible due to the success of this team and is expected to reach further maturity as the Council's Co-operative Neighbourhoods approach becomes fully embedded.

Evidence and impact assessment Explain the potential impact and opportunities it could have for people in terms of the following characteristics, where applicable:

Age				
Positive impact	Negative impact	There may be less	Unequal impact	

			PCSOs available in the community		
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this		The OPCC office have informed us that there are now more Police Officers/PCSO th here were in the last financial year			e Officers/PCSO than
assessment What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?	through Com Neighbourhc especially th	ne community Imunities and od Officers rough the Co- eighbourhood model	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)	N/A	

Disability e.g. physical impai	irment	, mental ill he	ealth, learning diffic	ulties, long-standing illn	ess	
Positive impact			Negative impact	There may be less PCSOs available in the community	Unequal impact	
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment			The OPCC office ha there were in the las	ve informed us that there a t financial year	are now more Police	e Officers/PCSO than
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion? Working in the through Com Neighbourhor especially the		e community munities and od Officers ough the Co- ighbourhood model	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)	N/A		

Gender reas	signment				
Positive impact		Negative impact	There may be less PCSOs available in the	Unequal impact	

			community			
Please evidence the data and		The OPCC office have informed us that there are now more Police Officers/PCSO than				
information you used to support this		there were in the last financial year				
assessment						
What opportunities are	Working in the community		What do you still need			
there to promote	through Com	nunities and	to find out? Include in			
equality and inclusion?	Neighbourhood Officers		actions (last page)			
	especially through the Co-					
	Operative Nei	ghbourhood model				

Marriage or civil partnership						
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact	No Affect	
Please evidence the data and						
information you used to support this						
assessment						
What opportunities are			What do you still need			
there to promote			to find out? Include in			
equality and inclusion?			actions (last page)			

Pregnancy & maternity					
Positive impact		Negative impact	There may be less	Unequal impact	
		· ·	PCSOs available in the		
			community		
Please evidence the data	and	The OPCC office have informed us that there are now more Police Officers/PCSO than			
information you used to s	upport this	there were in the last financial year			
assessment					
What opportunities are	es are Working in the commu		What do you still need		
there to promote	<b>U</b>		to find out? Include in		

leighbourhood Officers actions (last page) specially through the Co- perative Neighbourhood model	
---	--

Race						
Positive impact			Negative impact	There may be less PCSOs available in the community	Unequal impact	
			The OPCC office ha there were in the las	ve informed us that there a t financial year	are now more Police	e Officers/PCSO than
What opportunitie there to promote equality and inclu	opportunities are to promote ty and inclusion? Working in the c through Commu Neighbourhood especially throug		munities and ood Officers	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)		

Religion or belief					
Positive impact		Negative impact	There may be less PCSOs available in the community	Unequal impact	
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment			ve informed us that there a t financial year	are now more Polic	e Officers/PCSO than
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?	through Com	ne community nmunities and bod Officers	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)		

especially through the Co- Operative Neighbourhood model		
---	--	--

Sex						
Positive impact			Negative impact	There may be less PCSOs available in the community	Unequal impact	
			The OPCC office hav there were in the last	/e informed us that there a financial year	are now more Polic	e Officers/PCSO than
What opportunities a there to promote equality and inclusion		The OPCC office have informed us that there are now more Police Officers/PCSO than there were in the last financial year		What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)		

Sexual orientation e.g. straight, lesbian / gay, bisexual						
Positive impact			Negative impact	There may be less PCSOs available in the community	Unequal impact	
		The OPCC office hat there were in the las	ve informed us that there a t financial year	are now more Police	e Officers/PCSO than	
What opportunitie there to promote equality and inclus	us that there are now more Police					

Socio-economic <sup>2</sup> e.g. low income, unemployed, homelessness, caring responsibilities, access to internet, public transport users, social value in procurement						
Positive impact		Negative impact	There may be less PCSOs available in the community	Unequal impact		
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment The OPCC office hav		ve informed us that there a t financial year	are now more Polic	e Officers/PCSO than		
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?	The OPCC office have informed us that there are now more Police Officers/PCSO than there were in the last financial year					

Other						
please feel free to consid	der the potent	ial impact on people	e in any other contexts			
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact		
Please evidence the data and						
information you used to su	information you used to support this					
assessment						
What opportunities are			What do you still need			
there to promote			to find out? Include in			
equality and inclusion?			actions (last page)			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Although non-statutory, the council has chosen to implement the Socio-Economic Duty and so decision-makers should use their discretion to consider the impact on people with a socio-economic disadvantage.

## What are the findings of any consultation with:

Staff?	This may have an indirect impact on Police staff.	Residents?	The impact should be mitigated by continuing to have uniformed neighbourhood officers available in neighbourhoods. Consultation with residents should be a natural by-product of the Co-operative Neighbourhoods model. This should let us factor in the impacts of this change over time.
Voluntary & community sector?	N/A	Partners?	N/A
Other stakeholders?	N/A		

## **Overall conclusion & future activity**

Explain the overall findings of the assessment and reasons for outcome (please choose one):			
1. No inequality, inclusion issues or opportunities to			
further improve have been identified			
impact, barriers to inclusion or 2b. C improvement	2a. Adjustments made	2a	
	2b. Continue as planned		
	2c. Stop and remove		

Detail the actions that are needed as a result of this assessment and how they will help to remove discrimination & harassment, promote equal opportunities and / or encourage good relations:				
Action	Will this help to remove, promote and / or encourage?	Responsible officer	Deadline	How will this be embedded as business as usual?
The Introduction of the Co- Operative Neighbourhood programme	Encourage positive engagement with the community	Rob Gregory		At the RAG meetings and as part of the Co- Operative Neighbourhood programme

Approved by Assistant Director: Rob Gregory Date: 13/11/20

Full Equality Impact Assessment For a policy, project, service or other decision that is new, changing or under review

What is being assessed?			FS5 – Above Inflation Increase in Allotment Fees & Charges		
Lead				Assessme	
Assess	Julia Hill			nt team	
or					
Start	December	End			
date	2020	date			
	When will the EqIA be reviewed?		er 2021		

Who may be affected by it?	Allotment plot holders
What are the key aims of it?	<ul> <li>To provide, manage, and let, suitable land to allow local people to grow their own vegetables, fruit and flower produce. The allotments: <ul> <li>Provide a sustainable food source</li> <li>Promote healthy living for all age groups</li> <li>Provide an educational resource</li> <li>Provide informal access to nature and wildlife</li> </ul> </li> <li>However, the allotment service is subsidised. By increasing the allotment charges by 50% it will: <ul> <li>remove the need for all Stevenage residents to subsidise a service benefiting a relatively small number of people;</li> <li>cover the additional cost associated with the allotment administration management returning to SBC.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

What <b>positive measures</b> are in place (if any) to help <b>fulfil our legislative duties</b> to:					
Remove discrimination & harassment	Concessions available to those on means tested benefits	Promote equal opportunitie s	Allotments available to all Stevenage residents.	Encourage good relations	

What sources of data / information are you using to inform your assessment?	Benchmarking Data for 2020: Dacorum: £0.24/m <sup>2</sup>
	East Herts: £0.15/m <sup>2</sup>
	Hertsmere: £0.24/m <sup>2</sup>
	North Herts: £0.58/m <sup>2</sup>
	St Albans: £0.19/m <sup>2</sup>
	Stevenage: £0.36/m <sup>2</sup>
	Watford: £0.27/m <sup>2</sup>
	Welwyn Hatfield: £0.46/m <sup>2</sup>
	Feedback from plot holders indicates that Stevenage has one of the best allotment services in Hertfordshire, following investment resulting from disposal of allotment land around 2005. Sites provide security fencing, car parking, toilets, water provision.

In assessing the potential impact on people, are there any overall comments that you would like to make?	The allotment fees and charges will be increased by 50%, however this will be implemented over two years – 2021/22 and 2022/23 – as follows: 2020: $\pounds 0.36/m^2$
	2021/22: £0.54/m <sup>2</sup> 2022/23: £0.73/m <sup>2</sup>
	Concessions (25%) will be available to those on means tested benefits in accordance with the Council's Concession PolicyThe waiting list for an allotment in Stevenage is currently at around 370 people.

### **Evidence and impact assessment**

Explain the potential impact and opportunities it could have for people in terms of the following characteristics, where applicable:

Age								
Positive impact	Concessions available to those on means tested benefits. If people have to give up plots it makes them available to others on the waiting list.	Negative impact	Some plot holders with multiple plots may have to reduce the area of land they allotment garden at present.	Unequal impact				
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment		There are curre in Stevenage.	ntly around 370 on t	he waiting list fo	or an allotment			

What	What do you still	
opportunities are there to promote	need to find out?	
equality and	actions (last	
inclusion?	page)	

**Disability** e.g. physical impairment, mental ill health, learning difficulties, long-standing illness

		-		1	-
Positive	None	Negative	None	Unequal	None
impact		impact		impact	
Please evidence the data					
and information you used to					
support this assessment					
What			What do you still		
opportunities	are		need to find out?		
there to prom	note		Include in		
equality and			actions (last		
inclusion?			page)		

Gender reassignment								
Positive	None	Negative	None	Unequal	None			
impact		impact		impact				
Please evide	ence the data							
and information you used to								
support this	assessment							

What	What do you still	
opportunities are	need to find out?	
there to promote	Include in	
equality and	actions (last	
inclusion?	page)	

Marriage or civil partnership								
Positive	None		Negative	None	Unequal	None		
impact			impact		impact			
Please evide	Please evidence the data and							
information you used to		l to						
support this	assessm	nent						
What opport	unities			What do you still				
are there to				need to find out?				
promote equality				Include in actions				
and inclusion	n?			(last page)				

Pregnancy & maternity								
Positive impact	Concessions available to those on means tested benefits.	Negative impact		Unequal impact				
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment								

What opportunities there to prom equality and inclusion?				What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)		
Race						
Positive	None		Negative	None	Unequal	None
impact			impact		impact	
Please evide	nce the	e data				
and informati	ion you	used to				
support this a	assessr	nent				
What opportu	unities			What do you still		
are there to	are there to			need to find out?		
	promote equality			Include in		
and inclusion	1?			actions (last		
				page)		

Religion or belief								
Positive	None		Negative	None	Unequal	None		
impact			impact		impact			
Please evide	nce the	data						
	and information you used to							
support this a	assessn	nent						
What opportu	unities			What do you still				
are there to				need to find out?				
promote equa	promote equality			Include in				
and inclusion	?			actions (last				
				page)				

Sex							
Positive impact	None	Negative impact	None	Unequal impact	None		
Please evid	ence the data and you used to support ment						
What oppor are there to equality and inclusion?	promote		What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)				

Sexual orientation e.g. straight, lesbian / gay, bisexual								
Positive	None		Negative	None	Unequal	None		
impact			impact		impact			
Please evide and informati support this a	ion you	used to						
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?				What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)				

Socio-economic <sup>3</sup> e.g. low income, unemployed, homelessness, caring responsibilities, access to internet, public transport users, social value in procurement								
Positive		essions	Negative	Some plot	Unequal			
impact		ble to on means benefits	impact	holders may have to give up their allotment if they can no longer afford it.	impact			
Please evider and information			Benchmarking Data for 2020: Dacorum: £0.24/m <sup>2</sup>					
support this a	-		East Herts: £0.15/m <sup>2</sup>					
			Hertsmere: £0.24/m <sup>2</sup>					
			North Herts: £0.58/m <sup>2</sup>					
			St Albans: £0.19/m <sup>2</sup>					
			Stevenage: £0.36/m <sup>2</sup>					
			Watford: £0.27/m <sup>2</sup>					
			Welwyn Hatfield: £0.46/m <sup>2</sup>					
are there to concession			s raising of ns available to neans tested	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Although non-statutory, the council has chosen to implement the Socio-Economic Duty and so decision-makers should use their discretion to consider the impact on people with a socio-economic disadvantage.

Other please feel free to consider the potential impact on people in any other contexts							
Positive			Negative		Unequal		
impact			impact		impact		
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment							
What opportu	unities			What do you still			
are there to				need to find out?			
promote equa				Include in			
and inclusion	1?			actions (last			
				page)			

## What are the findings of any consultation with:

Staff?	Residents?	
Voluntary & community sector?	Partners?	
Other stakeholders?		

## **Overall conclusion & future activity**

Explain the overall findings of the assessment and reasons for outcome (please choose one):				
1. No inequality, inclusion issues or opportunities to further improve have been identified				

Negative / unequal							
impact, barriers to	made						
inclusion or	2b. Continue as	Allotr	Allotments will remain affordable to the majority of				
improvement	planned	Steve	enage residents.				
opportunities	2c. Stop and						
identified	remove						
Detail the actions th	n <b>at are needed</b> as a	result	of this assessme	nt and how th	ey will help to		
remove discriminat	tion & harassment,	promo	ote equal opport	unities and /	or <b>encourage good</b>		
relations:							
	Will this help to		Responsible		How will this be		
Action	remove, promo		officer	Deadline	embedded as		
	/ or encourage?	?	Unicer		business as usual?		
Raise awareness of					Information		
concessions availab			Julia Hill / Joel Gainsford	April 2021	provided on the		
to those on means	opportunities				Council's web		
tested benefits.					pages.		
Undertake							
consultation with plo	t						
holders to determine	Encourage goo	Ч	Julia Hill / Joel	September 2021			
levels of satisfaction	relations	u	Gainsford				
with the allotment	Telations		Gamsioiu	2021			
service, including fee	es						
and charges.							
Monitor level of							
waiting list and the							
number of plots give	n Encourage goo	Ч	Julia Hill / Joel				
up following the	relations	u	Gainsford	April 2022			
increase, and	1610115						
compare with							
previous years							

Approved by Assistant Director / Strategic Director: Steve Dupoy Date: 11/11/20

# Full Equality Impact Assessment

For a policy, project, service or other decision that is new, changing or under review

What is b	eing assessed?	P FS13 -	FS13 – Cessation of Community Transport Service		
Lead Assessor	Geoff Caine			Assessment team	Geoff Caine Diane Wenham
Start date	9 November 2020	End date	31 March 2021		
When will the EqIA be reviewed?		Monthly			

Who may be affected by it?	Staff employed within the service. Service users - loss of service to users
What are the key aims of it?	Cost reduction and the inability to provide a service during the pandemic as the users are classed as vulnerable or Clinically Extremely Vulnerable due to both age and pre-existing health conditions.

What <b>positive measures</b> are in place (if any) to help <b>fulfil our legislative duties</b> to:							
Remove discrimination & harassment	Current Corporate policy on Equality and Diversity	Promote equal opportunities	Current Corporate policy on Equality and Diversity	Encourage good relations	Current Corporate policy on Equality and Diversity		

What sources of data /	Current usage data including number attending leisure and community trips, unique number of
information are you using to	users, number of leisure and community trips provided per annum. There are no other district
inform your assessment?	councils in Hertfordshire that provide a similar service.

In assessing the potential	The service is highly valued by its users as it enables them to socialise with others outside of
impact on people, are there	their homes. The service is not means tested and therefore we are unaware if users could use a
any overall comments that	less cost effective solution. We also need to investigate what other services transport providers
you would like to make?	and partners are available to our existing and potential users.

## **Evidence and impact assessment**

Explain the potential impact and opportunities it could have for people in terms of the following characteristics, where applicable:

Age							
Positive impact	existing local set Stevena Herts C <sup>V</sup> Transpo	signpost users to other rvices such as ge & North VS Community ort Services C Dial a Ride	Negative impact	The primary user group are older people; this local service will no longer be made available to them.	Unequal impact		
information you used to support this			Current user group. Comparisons with other nearby District and Borough Community Transport offerings. Initial appraisal of nearby alternative Community Transport alternatives, including NHCVS & HCC Dial a Ride.				
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?				What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)	Further detailed ir	nvestigations on the & HCC Dial a ride to capacity and cost	

Disability e.g. physical im	pairment, mental ill hea	Ith, learning diffic	ulties, long-standing illn	ess	
Positive impact	We can signpost	Negative impact	Many of the current	Unequal impact	

local Steve Herts Trans	ng users to other services such as nage & North CVS Communit port Services ICC Dial a Ride		users have health issues that inhibit them from social events outside of their homes. The loss of service could adversely affect their general health and wellbeing.			
Please evidence the da information you used to		Current user group. Comparisons with other nearby District and Borough Community Transport offerings. Initial appraisal of nearby alternative Community Transport				
assessment		alternatives, including NHCVS & HCC Dial a Ride.				
What opportunities are			What do you still need		nvestigations on the	
there to promote			to find out? Include in		& HCC Dial a ride to	
equality and inclusion?			actions (last page)	provide a similar o	capacity and cost	
				effective service		

Gender reassignment						
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact		
Please evidence the data and		No evidence to support negative differing impact on gender reassignment				
information you used to support this						
assessment						
What opportunities are			What do you still need			
there to promote			to find out? Include in			
equality and inclusion?			actions (last page)			

Marriage or civil partnership					
Positive impact	Negative impact	Unequal impact			
Please evidence the data and No evidence to support negative differing impact on civil partnerships					

information you used to su assessment	pport this		
What opportunities are		What do you	ou still need
there to promote		to find out?	? Include in
equality and inclusion?		actions (last	st page)

Pregnancy & maternity						
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact		
Please evidence the data and No evidence to support this assessment		ort negative differing impa	ct on pregnancy or	maternity.		
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?			What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)			

Race					
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact	
Please evidence the data and No evidence to su		No evidence to supp	ort negative differing impa	ct on race.	
information you used to support this					
assessment					
What opportunities are			What do you still need		
there to promote			to find out? Include in		
equality and inclusion?			actions (last page)		

Religion or	belief		
Positive impact	Negative impact	Unequal impact	

Please evidence the data and information you used to support the assessment	No evidence to support negative differing impact on religion or belief.	
What opportunities are	What do you still need	
there to promote	to find out? Include in	
equality and inclusion?	actions (last page)	

Sex					
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact	
Please evidence the data and No evidence to information you used to support this assessment		No evidence to supp	ort negative differing impa	ct on sex.	
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?			What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)		

Sexual orientation e.g. straight, lesbian / gay, bisexual						
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact		
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment		No evidence to support negative differing impact on sexual orientation.			ation.	
What opportunities are			What do you still need			
there to promote			to find out? Include in			
equality and inclusion?			actions (last page)			

Socio-economic <sup>4</sup>					
e.g. low income, unemployed, homel	essness, caring resp	onsibilities, access to in	ternet, public trar	nsport users,	
social value in procurement					
Positive impact	Negative impact		Unequal impact		
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment	other that some will b cost may be prohibitiv that provide similar se arrangements in othe provision. Comparisons with oth Initial appraisal of nea NHCVS & HCC Dial a We currently have tw service, we could cor as the NHCVS with s	means tested we cannot one able to afford alternative we. That said there may be ervices to those currently or districts where the CVS mer nearby District and Bo arby alternative Communi- a Ride. o low mileage relatively ne osider selling both or offer ome caveats such as spe- are are known areas of ne	e provision and for e local cost effective provided to SBC. is relied upon for c prough Community ty Transport alternation ew vehicles that are ing either one or bo crific service provisi	some an increased e services available This reflects ommunity transport Transport offerings. atives, including e used for this oth to a partners such on to be provided to	
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?	1	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)		nvestigations on the & HCC Dial a ride to capacity and cost	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Although non-statutory, the council has chosen to implement the Socio-Economic Duty and so decision-makers should use their discretion to consider the impact on people with a socio-economic disadvantage.

Other please feel free to consider the potential impact on people in any other contexts					
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact	
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment					
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?			What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)		

## What are the findings of any consultation with:

Staff?	Once this proposal has been agreed we will need to enter into consultation with staff	Residents?	Once we have consulted with partners and stakeholders and have a clear idea of what services from alternative suppliers are available we will consult with the existing user base and key user groups who may make use of the community transport services.
Voluntary & community sector?	We would need to identify whether the identified alternative options are providing an adequate service for service users by conducting stakeholder consultation with this group to assess the suitability of this alternate provision	Partners?	We would need to identify whether the identified alternative options are providing an adequate service for service users by conducting stakeholder consultation with this group to assess the suitability of this alternate provision.'

## **Overall conclusion & future activity**

Explain the overall findings of the assessment and reasons for outcome (please choose one):		
1. No inequality, inclusion issues or opportunities to		
further improve have been	n identified	
Negative / unequal		
impact, barriers to		
inclusion or	2b. Continue as planned	
improvement		
opportunities identified		

Detail the actions that are needed as a result of this assessment and how they will help to remove discrimination &
harassment, promote equal opportunities and / or encourage good relations:

, <b>,</b>		/ 0		
Action	Will this help to remove, promote and / or encourage?	Responsible officer	Deadline	How will this be embedded as business as usual?
Consultation with stakeholders. Work with Stevenage & North Herts CVS and HCC Dial a ride to fully understand how those services can mitigate the loss of SBC Community Transport	We will be able to define what local suitable resources are available to existing and potential users of the SBC Community Transport service; this will aid officers in effectively engaging with	Geoff Caine	February 2021	

Service	the client base in a positive way.			
From information derived from other partners and the community design a leaflet\download to be distributed to both existing and potential users outlines the services available to them. Ensure every client is contacted and talked through options.	The leaflet\download will be a valuable information tool for service users to refer to for similar services available within the local area.	Geoff Caine	March 2021	

Approved by Assistant Director: Rob Gregory Date: 13/11/20

# Full Equality Impact Assessment

For a policy, project, service or other decision that is new, changing or under review

What is being assessed?			FS23 – Savings to Customer Service Centre and Customer Focus Service		
Lead Assessor	Ruth Luscombe		Assessment team		
Start date	End date				
When will the EqIA be Appreviewed?		April 2021			

Who may be affected by it?	Council customers (residents, businesses, voluntary organisations and other partners), Customer Service Centre and Customer Focus staff
What are the key aims of it?	<ul> <li>Protect current service levels while delivering structural savings by reducing avoidable demand and increasing self-service through digital channels.</li> <li>Improve customer awareness of digital channels and encourage take up</li> <li>Enable better value for money customer service and complaints handling provision</li> <li>Improve consistency and transparency through adopting enhanced digital case management for complaints.</li> <li>Embed insight and continuous improvement as a core part of the Customer Service model</li> </ul>

What <b>positive measures</b> are in place (if any) to help <b>fulfil our legislative duties</b> to:					
Remove discrimination		Promote equal	A new website	Encourage good	Improved access
& harassment		opportunities	launched in September 2020 to meet government accessibility	relations	channels for customers and staff, digital options available 24/7

	guidelines	

What sources of data /	Desk research drawing on a broad range of national (Office Of National Statistics), local survey
information are you using to	research (STAR survey 2017, 'Big Knock' 2017), MySociety org website as well as examples
inform your assessment?	from other councils (Cambridge City Council, Sutton Council)

In assessing the potential impact on people, are there any overall comments that you would like to make?	Overall the proposal will not have negative impacts as we aim to maintain current service levels as our customers increasingly choose to adopt digital self-service channels. Customers will still be able to access services over the telephone, or where required access services face to face by booking an appointment. This proposal has been enabled by our Connected to our Customers (CTOC) programme which has delivered a new website & digital platform, as well as an online portal for housing, and enhancements to waste processes e.g. for missed collections. An EQIA has been undertaken for this programme and will be kept under review.
	As technology evolves, (and is adopted by different communities differently) the ways in which people can be excluded or disadvantaged will change too. We will need to review our digital access solutions regularly to ensure changes in requirements are identified and potential solutions agreed on.

Evidence and impact assessment Explain the potential impact and opportunities it could have for people in terms of the following characteristics, where applicable:

Age			
Positive impact	Negative impact	Unequal impact	Х
Please evidence the data and	Research evidence	from ONS data suggests that older people te	nd to be less digitally

information you used to sup assessment	<ul> <li>active, and potentially at risk of digital exclusion, although the picture is complex and social class / income can be a relevant factor too.</li> <li>Older people are much less likely to use the internet than other age groups. In 2019, 47% of adults in the UK aged 75 years or over had used the internet in the last 3 months, compared to 91% of all adults.</li> <li>During Housing's 2017 'Big Knock' Tenants Survey, 77% of all respondents reported having access to the internet. (This result compares to STAR survey which indicated 74% of residents using internet at home and further 9% outside of home). Of the 23% that don't have access, 76% were over 65 years old. 48% of over 75 year olds reported to having access to the internet, which is similar to the national statistics.</li> <li>If the Council stopped providing telephone or face to face support that could be to the detriment of those older people who do not have the skills or capabilities to engage online; however this is not an aim of this proposal and we are retaining these more traditional channels.</li> </ul>
What opportunities are	What do you still need
there to promote	to find out? Include in
equality and inclusion?	actions (last page)

Disability e.g. physical impairment, mental ill health, learning difficulties, long-standing illness							
Positive impact		Negative impact	Unequal	impact	Х		
Please evidence t information you us assessment	the data and sed to support this	digital technologies, which disability. These people m	f disability may have difficultie may not be adapted to their ay benefit less from enhanced	needs re digital ch	elated to their specific nannels.		
		2019 78% of disabled ad massive increase compare	likely to use the internet than dults (10 million) in the UK u ed with 25% in 2016, but still 019). Although disabled people	used the significa	e internet, which is a ntly lower than the all		

	to continue using the internet after they have first accessed it. The difference between internet use in disabled and non-disabled adults was greater in the older age groups. For adults aged 75 years and over, 41% of disabled adults and 54% of non-disabled adults were recent internet users. In comparison, there was only a small difference in recent internet use for disabled and non-disabled adults in the 16 to 24 age group; 98% of disabled adults and 99% of non-disabled adults in this age group were recent internet users. There are a number of tools (software and hardware) available now to make that more possible, we continue through the CTOC programme to explore their feasibility and future implementation. The Council also plans to continue to provide assisted digital approaches and, where necessary for those who cannot engage digitally, more traditional channels or routes through which people with these characteristics can engage with us.
What opportunities are	What do you still need
there to promote	to find out? Include in
equality and inclusion?	actions (last page)

Gender reassignment						
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact		
Please evidence the data	and	Our research has no	t identified any particular r	negative impacts (o	r differential impacts)	
information you used to support this						
assessment						
What opportunities are			What do you still need			
there to promote			to find out? Include in			
equality and inclusion?			actions (last page)			

Marriage or civil partnership	

Positive impact	Negative impact	Unequal impact		
Please evidence the data and	Our research has no	Our research has not identified any particular negative impacts (or differential impacts)		
information you used to support this				
assessment				
What opportunities are		What do you still need		
there to promote		to find out? Include in		
equality and inclusion?		actions (last page)		

Pregnancy & maternity							
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact			
Please evidence the data information you used to su assessment		Our research has no	t identified any particular r	negative impacts (o	r differential impacts)		
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?			What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)				

Race					
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact	
Please evidence the da information you used to assessment			t identified any particular r	negative impacts (o	r differential impacts)
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?			What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)		

Religion or belief						
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact		
Please evidence the data information you used to su assessment		Our research has not	t identified any particular r	negative impacts (o	r differential impacts)	
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?			What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)			

Sex					
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact	
Please evidence the information you use assessment			ot identified any particular r	negative impacts (o	or differential impacts)
What opportunities there to promote equality and inclusion			What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)		

Sexual orientation e.g. straight, lesbian / ga				
Positive impact	Negative impact		Unequal impact	
Please evidence the data information you used to su assessment	Our research has no	ot identified any particular r	negative impacts (o	r differential impacts)
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?		What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)		

Socio-economic <sup>5</sup>								
	yed, homelessness, caring re	sponsibilities, access to in	nternet, public tra	nsport users,				
social value in procurement								
Positive impact	Negative impac		Unequal impact	X				
Please evidence the data a information you used to sup assessment	poport this research as indiconfidence and car People living in so other housing ten respondents reporeceived during th The evidence also access and basic never use the inter of people without People with any of and may therefore inter-sectionality b If the Council faile	al class and social housing cators of whether someon pability to make the most of cial housing are less likely to ures. During Housing's 2017 rted not having access to the STAR survey). o suggests that people on lo digital skills. Nationally, 17 ernet, as opposed to 2% of p basic digital skills are on lower of the protected characterist be at greater risk of digital of etween their characteristics are d to provide non-digital mea- eople who do not have the skills	he is likely to ha digital technologies b access the interne 7 'Big Knock' Tena he internet (the sa w incomes are les w incomes are les w of people earni beople earning mo er wages or are un cics may be more exclusion, which m and their income. ans of engaging w	ave the competence, s. et than people living in ints Survey 23% of all ame results were also as likely to have digital ing less than £20,000 re than £40,000. 44% employed. vulnerable to poverty, hay be exacerbated by rith it, that could be to				
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?		What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Although non-statutory, the council has chosen to implement the Socio-Economic Duty and so decision-makers should use their discretion to consider the impact on people with a socio-economic disadvantage.

Other								
please feel free to consid	please feel free to consider the potential impact on people in any other contexts							
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact				
Please evidence the data	Please evidence the data and Our research has not		t identified any particular r	negative impacts (o	r differential impacts)			
information you used to su	information you used to support this							
assessment								
What opportunities are			What do you still need					
there to promote			to find out? Include in					
equality and inclusion?			actions (last page)					

## What are the findings of any consultation with:

Staff?	Residents?	
Voluntary & community sector?	Partners?	
Other stakeholders?		

## **Overall conclusion & future activity**

Explain the overall findings of the assessment and reasons for outcome (please choose one):				
1. No inequality, inclusion issues or opportunities to				
further improve have been	identified			
Negative / unequal impact, barriers to	2a. Adjustments made			
inclusion or	2b. Continue as planned	X		
improvement opportunities identified	2c. Stop and remove			

Detail the actions that are needed as a result of this assessment and how they will help to remove discrimination & harassment, promote equal opportunities and / or encourage good relations:						
Action	Will this help to remove, promote and / or encourage?	Responsible officer	Deadline	How will this be embedded as business as usual?		
Measure the take up of digital services by different groups and use the insight to design future services	Promote equal opportunities	Ruth Luscombe	From April 2021	As part of the new customer service model		
Ensure the customer service model supports those who cannot benefit from digital channels by providing alternatives.	Promote equal opportunities	Ruth Luscombe	From April 2021	As part of the new customer service model		

Approved by Assistant Director / Strategic Director: Ruth Luscombe Date: 18.11.20

## **Brief Equality Impact Assessment** For a minor operational change / review / simple analysis

What is being assessed?	FS25 – Closing the Print Room	What are	Remove the do		
Who may be affected by it?	Staff, Councillors and Customers	the key aims of it?	including paper	less committe	ee meetings,
Date of full EqIA on service area (planned or completed)	April 2021		digital alternatives and directing work through Docmail print service.		
Form completed by:	Ruth Luscombe	Start date	June 2021	End date	n/a
Form completed by:	Ruin Luscombe	Review dat	е		

What data / information are you using to inform your assessment?	ONS Data, Housing STAR and "Big Knock" Survey data	Have any information gaps been identified along the way? If so, please specify	We need to do further analysis of the documents currently printed by the Print Service and ensure a clear alternative plan in place for each. This will be reviewed in a full EQIA.
--	---	---	---

Explain the potential positive, negative or unequal impact on the following characteristics and how likely this is:						
Age	Unequal – Digital alternatives to printed documents may disproportionately impact on older people. Research evidence from ONS data suggests that older people tend to be less digitally active, and potentially at risk of digital		N/A			

Disability	exclusion, although the picture is complex and social class / income can be a relevant factor too. Older people are much less likely to use the internet than other age groups. In 2019, 47% of adults in the UK aged 75 years or over had used the internet in the last 3 months, compared to 91% of all adults. During Housing's 2017 'Big Knock' Tenants Survey, 77% of all respondents reported having access to the internet. (This result compares to STAR survey which indicated 74% of residents using internet at home and further 9% outside of home). Of the 23% that don't have access, 76% were over 65 years old. 48% of over 75 year olds reported to having access to the internet, which is similar to the national statistics.	Religion or belief	N/A
Gender reassignment	N/A	Sex	N/A
Marriage or civil partnership	N/A	Sexual orientation	N/A

Pregnancy & maternity	N/A	Socio-economic <sup>6</sup>	Unequal – Digital alternatives to printed documents may disproportionately impact some socio economic groups. Low income, social class and social housing tenancy have been identified in some research as indicators of whether someone is likely to have the competence, confidence and capability to make the most of digital technologies.
			People living in social housing are less likely to access the internet than people living in other housing tenures. During Housing's 2017 'Big Knock' Tenants Survey 23% of all respondents reported not having access to the internet (the same results were also received during the STAR survey). The evidence also suggests that people on low incomes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Although non-statutory, the council has chosen to implement the Socio-Economic Duty and so decision-makers should use their discretion to consider the impact on people with a socio-economic disadvantage.

	access and basic digital skills. Nationally, 17% of people earning less than £20,000 never use the internet, as opposed to 2% of people earning more than £40,000. 44% of people without basic digital skills are on lower wages or are unemployed. People with any of the protected characteristics may be more vulnerable to poverty, and may therefore be at greater risk of digital exclusion, which may be exacerbated by inter- sectionality between their characteristics and their income. If the Council failed to provide non-digital means of engaging with it, that could be to the detriment of people who do not have the skills or capabilities to engage online.
Other	

Where there is a likely <b>positive impact</b> , please explain how it will help to <b>fulfil our legislative duties</b> to:					
Remove discrimination	Promote equal	Encourage good			

0			
& harassment	opportunities	relations	
analassinent	opportunities	rolutions	

### What further work / activity is needed as a result of this assessment?

Action	Responsible officer	How will this be delivered and monitored?	Deadline
Full EQIA assessment	Ruth Luscombe	Project to be set up to review the impacts and alternatives to be put in place.	June 2021

Approved by Assistant Director / Strategic Director: Ruth Luscombe Date: 18.11.20

# Full Equality Impact Assessment

For a policy, project, service or other decision that is new, changing or under review

What is being assessed? FS28 – Local Comm		<ul> <li>Local Commu</li> </ul>	nity Budgets	s – reduction in funding	
Lead	Jane Konopka			Assessment	Paula Mills
Assessor	Jane Konopka			team	
Start date	9/11/2020	End date			
When will t	he EqIA be	9/11/2021 (	or following LCB	-	
reviewed?		review com	pletion)		

Who may be affected by it?	Community Groups and Organisations in Stevenage applying for Local Community Budgets
What are the key aims of it?	LCB funding will be reduced to £1500 from £2500 for each Ward Member from the new financial year (21/22 budget). This EQIA will determine if there will be any detrimental effects on community groups and organisations with protected characteristics

What positive measure	<b>s</b> are in place (if any) to	o help <b>fulfil our le</b>	egislative duties to:		
Remove discrimination & harassment	LCB application process is available online and through word of mouth via Ward Members and SBC Officers	Promote equal opportunities	The application process supports equal opportunities in the way it is administered and how decisions are made as to whose application is approved for which there is a criteria to adhere to	Encourage good relations	SBC process is to encourage applicants to contact their Ward Member prior to making the application and the Community Development team are available to support when

		required

What sources of data / information are you using to inform your assessment?	<ul> <li>Established guidance on applying for the funding for SBC and applicant</li> <li>Using the criteria as a tool to base decision on.</li> <li>Auditing a selection of successful applications each year.</li> <li>Staff and Ward Member training</li> <li>Information gathered as a result of LCB review currently underway to be completed by April 2021.</li> </ul>
---	---

In assessing the potential	Currently promotion of the LCB funding is from SBC Officers and Ward Members by word of
impact on people, are there	mouth or via the SBC website. This may result in a general reduction of potential applicants and
any overall comments that	is being looked into as part of the wider LCB review currently underway.
you would like to make?	

Evidence and impact assessment Explain the potential impact and opportunities it could have for people in terms of the following characteristics, where applicable:

Age					
Positive impact	LCB Funding is still available for community groups and organisations to apply to	Negative impact	LCB funding is reduced which may have an impact on the services offered and new services set up	Unequal impact	The elderly and the young are more likely to benefit from the services that apply and are then awarded LCB funding
Please evidence	the data and	Previous LCB applic	ations have often focussed	d around supporting	g the older population

			mongst other protected characteristics. It is apparent that both		
assessment		these groups disprope	ortionately benefit from th	e funding.	
What opportunities are		CB funding is	What do you still need	How to reach out to the wider	
there to promote	advertised to as many community		to find out? Include in	community to ensure access to LCB	
equality and inclusion?	• ·	organisations as a variety of media	actions (last page)	funding is equitable. This will be picked up in the LCB review which is currently	
		-		underway	

Disability e.g. physical im	pairment, mental ill hea	alth, learning diffic	ulties, long-standing illn	ess	
Positive impact	Groups focussing on supporting physical impairment, mental health, learning difficulties and long term illnesses are supported to keep activities and support groups going.	Negative impact	LCB funding reduced which may impact on the current offer available and that of any potential new service	Unequal impact	Less than 10% of applications last year were from groups supporting this protected characteristic. This suggests they are less likely to benefit from the funding in its current format and therefore with the suggested decrease in overall budget this will need to be picked up as part of the wider LCB review
Please evidence information you u assessment	the data and used to support this	Analysis of previous	LCB applications		

What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?	To ensure LCB funding is advertised to as many community groups and organisations as possible by a variety of media	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)	How to reach out to the wider community to ensure access to LCB funding is equitable. This will be picked up in the LCB review which is currently underway
---	--	--	--

Gender reassignment						
Positive impact	availabl commu	nding is still e for nity groups and ations to apply	Negative impact	Funding is reduced and therefore may not be as available as in previous years to support existing and new services	Unequal impact	Groups from this protected characteristic generally do not apply for LCB funding
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment		Analysis of previous	LCB applications		-	
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?To ensure advertised groups and		groups and or	B funding is as many community ganisations as variety of media	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)	How to reach out to the wider community to ensure access to LCE funding is equitable. This will be pic up in the LCB review which is curren underway	

Marriage or civil partnership						
Positive impact	LCB funding is still available for community groups and organisations to apply to	Negative impact	Funding is reduced and therefore may not be as available as in previous years to support existing and new	Unequal impact	Groups from this protected characteristic are generally not highlighted	

Please evidence the data information you used to su		Analysis of previous I	services		specifically as part of the application process and therefore it is difficult to determine the impact funding may have had on this protected characteristic
there to promoteadvertised toequality and inclusion?groups and of		CB funding is as many community organisations as a variety of media	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)	How to reach out to the wider community and in particular how we capture our engagement with this particular protected characteristic to ensure access to LCB funding is equitable. This will be picked up in th LCB review which is currently underway	

Pregnancy & maternity						
Positive impact	LCB funding is still available for community groups and organisations to apply to	Negative impact	LCB funding reduced which may impact on the current offer available and impede new activities from commencing	Unequal impact	Groups from this protected characteristic generally do not apply for LCB funding specifically to support this but may benefit from	

				the services the funding provides
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment		Analysis of previous I	LCB applications	
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?	groups and o	CB funding is as many community organisations as a variety of media	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)	How to reach out to the wider community and in particular how we capture our engagement with this particular protected characteristic to ensure access to LCB funding is equitable. This will be picked up in the LCB review which is currently underway

Race	Race					
Positive impact	LCB funding is still available for community groups and organisations to apply to	Negative impact	LCB funding reduced which may impact on the current offer available and impede new activities from commencing	Unequal impact	Due to the current way in LCB funding is promoted, people from this protected characteristic group may be unable to gain access to the information its current format making the process unequal from the start	
Please evidence	Please evidence the data and Analysis of previous LCB applications					

information you used to su assessment	upport this		
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?	To ensure LCB funding is advertised to as many community groups and organisations as possible by a variety of media	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)	How to reach out to the wider community and in particular how we capture our engagement with this particular protected characteristic to ensure access to LCB funding is equitable. This will be picked up in the LCB review which is currently underway

Religion or	Religion or belief						
Positive impact	LCB fur availabl commu	iding is still e for nity groups and ations to apply	Negative impact	LCB funding reduced which may impact on the current offer available and impede new activities from commencing	Unequal impact	Approx 20% of current applications are from groups/organisations promoting religion and or belief and therefore are less likely to benefit from LCB funding	
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment			Analysis of previous	LCB applications			
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?To ensure L0 advertised to groups and opportunities are		groups and or	B funding is as many community ganisations as variety of media	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)	capture our engag	to the wider particular how we gement with these ed characteristics to	

	ensure access to LCB funding is equitable. This will be picked up in the LCB review which is currently underway
--	--

Sex	Sex						
Positive impact	LCB funding is still available for community groups and organisations to apply to		Negative impact	LCB funding reduced which may impact on the current offer available and impede new activities from commencing	Unequal impact	About 85% of LCB applications are currently made by women	
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment			Analysis of previous	applications			
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?To ensure LCI advertised to a groups and or		B funding is as many community rganisations as variety of media	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)	capture our engage particular protecte ensure access to	particular how we gement with these ed characteristics to LCB funding is Il be picked up in the		

Sexual orier e.g. straight, les	ntation sbian / gay, bisexual				
Positive impact	LCB funding is still available for	Negative impact	LCB funding reduced which may impact on	Unequal impact	Groups from these protected

	rganisa	nity groups and ations to apply		the current offer available and impede new activities from commencing		characteristics generally do not apply for LCB funding specifically to support this but may benefit from the services the funding provides
	Please evidence the data and		Analysis of previous	applications		
assessment	information you used to support this assessment					
there to promote	Vhat opportunities are To ensure LCB funding is		What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)	How to reach out to the wider community and in particular how we capture our engagement with these particular protected characteristics to ensure access to LCB funding is equitable. This will be picked up in the LCB review which is currently underway		

Socio-economic <sup>7</sup> e.g. low income, unemployed, homelessness, caring responsibilities, access to internet, public transport users, social value in procurement						
Positive impact	LCB Funding is still available	Negative impact	LCB funding is reduced. LCB funding reduced which may impact on the current offer available and impede new activities	Unequal impact	People with a soci- economic disadvantage may be less likely to benefit from community groups	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Although non-statutory, the council has chosen to implement the Socio-Economic Duty and so decision-makers should use their discretion to consider the impact on people with a socio-economic disadvantage.

			from commencing Publicity of availability of LCB funding is limited to on line and word of mouth via Ward Members and SBC Officers		accessing LCB funds or may also be less likely to apply
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment		Analysis of previous l	LCB applications		
What opportunities are LCB application		tions go through a nitoring and auditing	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)	How to improve pu funding to those w or use the internet	ho may not engage

Other please feel free to consider the potential impact on people in any other contexts						
Positive impact N/A						
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment						
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?	·		What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)			

### What are the findings of any consultation with:

Staff?	LCB review currently underway will explore this – to be completed by April 2021		LCB review currently underway will explore this through audit of approved LCB schemes– to be completed by April 2021
Voluntary & community sector?	LCB review currently underway will explore this through the Social Inclusion	Partners?	LCB review currently underway will explore this with Ward Members- to be

	Partnership – to be completed by April 2021	completed by April 2021
Other stakeholders?	Audits of future LCBS	

# **Overall conclusion & future activity**

Explain the overall findings of the assessment and reasons for outcome (please choose one):					
1. No inequality, inclusion issues or opportunities to					
further improve have been identified					
Negative / unequal impact, barriers to inclusion or improvement	2a. Adjustments made	To ensure that opportunities for residents in the protected characteristics groups, remain available despite a reduction in overall budgets. Specific consideration for this will be tied into the planned LCB review in 2021			
	2b. Continue as planned				
opportunities identified	2c. Stop and remove				

Detail the actions that are needed as a result of this assessment and how they will help to remove discrimination & harassment, promote equal opportunities and / or encourage good relations:							
Action	Will this help to remove, promote and / or encourage?	Responsible officer	Deadline	How will this be embedded as business as usual?			
To promote LCB funding wider and to provide CD support to consider other sources of funding.	Help remove discrimination by making the information easier to access, therefore promoting equal opportunities and encouraging good relationships	Jane Konopka	April 2021	Completion of LCB review in partnership with Portfolio Holder and Members			

Approved by Assistant Director: Rob Gregory Date: 13/11/20

# Full Equality Impact Assessment

For a policy, project, service or other decision that is new, changing or under review

What is being assessed?		to char increas Change	<b>FS38/FS41</b> – Changes to charging for garages from April 2021 onwards. Transition to charging for 52 weeks per year (as opposed to 50 weeks per year) plus a 2% increase in garage charges, equating to an overall 6% increase in fees in real terms. Changes to garages charging for the Voluntary and Community Sector (VCS) from £2 per week to £2.25 per week.			
Lead Assessor	Nadia Capuano		Assessment team			
Start date	1 <sup>st</sup> April 2021 End date		Ongoing			
When will the EqIA be reviewed?		October 20	21			

Who may be affected by it?	The changes to charges will apply to everyone who rents a garage in Stevenage.
	The proposal recommends ceasing the historical alignment of garage charging with the charging that takes place in Housing and the current set up on Northgate, through which the weekly rental charge is multiplied by 50 weeks of the year. The aim is to shift to charging for garages for 52 weeks of the year and apply a 2% inflationary increase for 21/22 to assist with the financial security of the council and move towards the establishment of a commercial charging policy, with concessions.
What are the key aims of it?	The key difference between garages and housing is that in housing a yearly charge is calculated based on the sum of 52 weeks per year rental charge and is then divided by 50 weeks to calculate a weekly figure; for garages however the multiplication of the weekly charge by 50 leads to a two week deficit or 4% in lost rental income on an annual basis. Housing operate this system on the premise that the two rent-free weeks allow residents the opportunity to catch up on any arrears around Christmas time and the end of the financial year. For the garages portfolio the opportunity to 'catch up' on payments makes

a difference in the short-term to the levels of outstanding debt, however historical data shows that arrears have crept up again by half three months later.
At present the rates for the Voluntary and Community Sector (VCS) are set at £2 per week. The proposal recommends that in 21/22 the rates are increased to £2.25 per week in order to bring
increased revenue to the council and assist with the financial security challenges.

What sources of data /	
------------------------	--

information are you using to	Data held in the garages function
inform your assessment?	Comparative pricing and policy data for the following District/Borough councils:
	Welwyn-Hatfield District Council
	Dacorum District
	Brentwood Borough Council
	Luton Borough Council

In assessing the potential impact on people, are there any overall comments that you would like to make?	Residents in Stevenage rent garages for two reasons; parking or storage; they are non-essential items that are nice to have. Garage prices vary according to the specification but in real terms, for a resident renting a standard garage (category A) at £11.80 per week, the weekly price would increase to £12.05 per week, an increase of 35p. As they will be paying for 2 extra weeks per year, in real terms this equates to an additional £37 per year or 71p per week (net of VAT, which varies as housing tenants do not pay VAT whilst non-housing tenants do). New pricing will be introduced for the 6 new premium garages that are coming on stream as a result of the GIP, at £15 per week, reflective of their larger, more modern specification.
	These changes bring SBC in line with Welwyn-Hatfield Council, who have shifted to 52 week charging for garages in recent years. Benchmarking information shows that with the new pricing SBC will be middle of the range for garage charging. Dacorum council charge £15.78 per week over 52 weeks of the year (£16.86 if in one of their 'high demand' areas), Luton council £12.00 over 52 weeks of the year and Brentwood council £11.74 over 52 weeks of the year. In the private garage rental market Harpenden (Willow Way) charge £28 per week plus £200 refundable deposit and £49.50 set up fee, Watford (Trevallace Way) charge £21 per week plus £200 refundable deposit, and £49.50 set up fee and Bedford (The Pastures) charge £16 per week plus £200 refundable deposit and £49.50 set up fee.

Evidence and impact assessment Explain the potential impact and opportunities it could have for people in terms of the following characteristics, where applicable:

Age						
Positive impact N/A	Negative impact	N/A	Unequal impact	N/A		
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment						
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?		What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)				

Disability e.g. physical impairment, mental ill health, learning difficulties, long-standing illness							
Positive impact N/A Negative impact			N/A	Unequal impact	N/A		
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment							
What opportunities are			What do you still need				
there to promote			to find out? Include in				
equality and inclusion?			actions (last page)				

Gender reassignment						
Positive impact N/A	Negative impact	N/A	Unequal impact	N/A		
Please evidence the data and						
information you used to support this						

assessment		
What opportunities are	What do you still need	
there to promote	to find out? Include in	
equality and inclusion?	actions (last page)	

Marriage or civil partnership						
Positive impact N/A		Negative impact	N/A	Unequal impact	N/A	
Please evidence the data a	and					
information you used to sup	pport this					
assessment						
What opportunities are			What do you still need			
there to promote			to find out? Include in			
equality and inclusion?			actions (last page)			

Pregnancy & maternity						
Positive impact N/A		Negative impact	N/A	Unequal impact	N/A	
Please evidence the data	and					
information you used to su	pport this					
assessment						
What opportunities are			What do you still need			
there to promote			to find out? Include in			
equality and inclusion?			actions (last page)			

Race				
Positive impact N/A	Negative impact	N/A	Unequal impact	N/A
Please evidence the data and				
information you used to support this				

assessment		
What opportunities are	What do you still need	
there to promote	to find out? Include in	
equality and inclusion?	actions (last page)	

Religion or belief						
Positive impact N/A		Negative impact	N/A	Unequal impact	N/A	
Please evidence the data	and					
information you used to su	pport this					
assessment						
What opportunities are	·		What do you still need			
there to promote			to find out? Include in			
equality and inclusion?			actions (last page)			

Sex							
Positive impact N/A		Negative impact	N/A	Unequal impact	N/A		
Please evidence the data	and						
information you used to support this							
assessment							
What opportunities are			What do you still need				
there to promote			to find out? Include in				
equality and inclusion?			actions (last page)				

Sexual orier e.g. straight, les	ntation bian / gay, bisexual				
Positive impact	N/A	Negative impact	N/A	Unequal impact	N/A

Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment	
What opportunities are	What do you still need
there to promote	to find out? Include in
equality and inclusion?	actions (last page)

Socio-economic <sup>8</sup> e.g. low income, unemployed, homelessness, caring responsibilities, access to internet, public transport users, social value in procurement						
Positive impact N/A		Negative impact	Yes	Unequal impact	Yes	
Please evidence the data information you used to su assessment		Comparative data wi and Brentwood to ch Comparative data wi Watford and Bedford The changes to prici or who have seen the times due to the imper- There is likely to be a pricing as this equate monetary terms than	ng may impact on those w eir income reduced; this fig	nd process. ompanies, including tho have recently b gure is likely to be /CS as a result of t or £13 per year, wh rity of the garage s	g those in Harpenden, ecome unemployed higher than in recent he increase in their ich is lower in tock. Many of the	
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?	Offer of cheaper garages to those seeking to terminate their tenancy, including the offer of		What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Although non-statutory, the council has chosen to implement the Socio-Economic Duty and so decision-makers should use their discretion to consider the impact on people with a socio-economic disadvantage.

bubble garages for storage options.	

Other please feel free to consider the potential impact on people in any other contexts						
Positive impact						
Please evidence the data and						
information you used to support this						
assessment						
What opportunities are			What do you still need			
there to promote			to find out? Include in			
equality and inclusion?			actions (last page)			

### What are the findings of any consultation with:

Staff?	Residents?	
Voluntary & community sector?	Partners?	
Other stakeholders?		

#### **Overall conclusion & future activity**

Explain the overall findin	Explain the overall findings of the assessment and reasons for outcome (please choose one):				
1. No inequality, inclusion	issues or opportunities to				
further improve have been identified					
Negative / unequal impact, barriers to	2a. Adjustments made				
inclusion or	2b. Continue as planned	2b. Continue as planned with actions listed below			
improvement opportunities identified	2c. Stop and remove				

Detail the actions that are needed as a result of this assessment and how they will help to remove discrimination & harassment, promote equal opportunities and / or encourage good relations:						
Action	Will this help to remove, promote and / or encourage?	Responsible officer	Deadline	How will this be embedded as business as usual?		
Offer cheaper garages where possible to tenants who do not wish to incur additional charges	Equal opportunities and good relations	Rebecca Millett/ Michelle Upchurch	Following communication of increases	Directives to garages management team and monitoring of activity of Garage Lettings and Technical Officer		
Offer flexible payment plans to clear arrears	Equal opportunities and good relations	Rebecca Millett/ Michelle Upchurch	Following implementations of increases	Directives to garages management team and monitoring of the activity of the Garages and Markets Technical Officer.		

Monitor feedback from VCS on the impact of increased charges	Equal opportunities and good relations	Rebecca Millett/ Michelle Upchurch	Following communication of increases	Directives to garages management team and monitoring if correspondence to the Garages and Markets Technical Officer
--	--	---------------------------------------	--	--

Approved by Assistant Director / Strategic Director: Steve Dupoy Date: 11/11/20

What is being assessed? Who may be affected by it? Date of full EqIA on service area (planned or completed)	FS40 – Movement of Voluntary and Community Sector garages (VCS) from high demand areas into low demand areas Voluntary and Community Sector organisations who rent garages in Stevenage	What are the key aims of it?	organisations of garages are 'red to an area of low to 47 organisation is to rent out the garages with ten bringing in additional and assisting with challenges.	ccupying high quired and ac w demand'. T ons and is or e freed up hig nants paying tional income ith financial s	gree to transfer his is applicable ngoing. The aim gh demand full rental, thus to the council ecurity
Form completed by:	Nadia Capuano	Start date	01/10/20	End date	31/03/22
		Review dat	е	01/10/21	

What data / information are you using to inform your assessment?	Current data on numbers of VCS in Stevenage and feedback from organisations on the proposals so far. Demand data to establish where lower demand areas for VCS garages may be.	Have any information gaps been identified along the way? If so, please specify	No
--	--	---	----

Explain the potential positive, negative or unequal impact on the following characteristics and how likely this is:					
Age	Unequal – older members of	Race	N/A		

	VCS may find it more difficult to move items into a different garage		
Disability	Unequal – disabled members of VCS may find it more difficult to move items into a different garage	Religion or belief	N/A
Gender reassignment	N/A	Sex	N/A
Marriage or civil partnership	N/A	Sexual orientation	N/A
Pregnancy & maternity	N/A	Socio-economic <sup>9</sup>	N/A
Other	N/A		

emove discrimination	Promote equal	Tenants will be	Encourage good
harassment	opportunities	moved to garages as close to their existing garage as possible to minimise disruption. Tenants will the option to pay the full rate for the garage if they wish to keep the specific plot	relations

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Although non-statutory, the council has chosen to implement the Socio-Economic Duty and so decision-makers should use their discretion to consider the impact on people with a socio-economic disadvantage.

Action	Responsible officer	How will this be delivered and monitored?	Deadline
Monitor feedback from VCS	Michelle Upchurch	Monitoring feedback from VCS following proposal of move into low-demand garages	Commencing October 2020

Approved by Assistant Director / Strategic Director: Steve Dupoy Date: 11/11/20

What is being assessed?	FS43 – Reduce Training Budget during 2021-22	What are	To consider the proposed saving	g of reducing	the training
Who may be affected by it?		the key	<ul><li>budget for 2021/22 on all staff and</li><li>particularly those under the protected characteristics.</li></ul>		
Date of full EqIA on service area (planned or completed)		aims of it?			protected
Form completed by:	Clare Davies	Start date	November 2020	End date	Ongoing
		Review dat	е	November 2	2021

What data / information are you using to inform your assessment?	Workforce Equalities Data as of November 2020	Have any information gaps been identified along the way? If so, please specify	Currently no workforce information is held on socio-economic status of the Stevenage Borough Council workforce and therefore this cannot be assessed.
--	---	---	---

Explain the potential positive,	Explain the potential positive, negative or unequal impact on the following characteristics and how likely this is:					
Age	We do not hold data on employee characteristics for	Race	We do not hold data on employee characteristics for			
	take up of learning and development opportunities		take up of learning and development opportunities			
Disability	We do not hold data on employee characteristics for take up of learning and development opportunities	Religion or belief	We do not hold data on employee characteristics for take up of learning and development opportunities			

Gender reassignment	Data for this protected characteristic is incomplete for the employees impacted by the proposed savings options.	Sex	We do not hold data on employee characteristics for take up of learning and development opportunities
Marriage or civil partnership	We do not hold data on employee characteristics for take up of learning and development opportunities	Sexual orientation	We do not hold data on employee characteristics for take up of learning and development opportunities
Pregnancy & maternity	No information is held on the pregnancy and maternity status of the employees impacted by the proposed savings.	Socio-economic <sup>10</sup>	No information is held on the socio-economic status of the employees impacted by the proposed savings.
Other			

Where there is a likely p	Where there is a likely positive impact, please explain how it will help to fulfil our legislative duties to:					
Remove discrimination & harassment	Learning and development opportunities are available and taken up by all staff regardless of their background In response to the Covid pandemic more learning and development offers	Promote equal opportunities	Access to the apprenticeship levy funded courses is available to all staff	Encourage good relations		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Although non-statutory, the council has chosen to implement the Socio-Economic Duty and so decision-makers should use their discretion to consider the impact on people with a socio-economic disadvantage.

and moving to virtual platforms and this often reduces costs.			
--	--	--	--

Action	Responsible officer	How will this be delivered and monitored?	Deadline
Record protected characteristics data on staff completing learning and development courses	Clare Davies	Developing the HR System	April 2021

Approved by Assistant Director / Strategic Director: Clare Davies Date:12.11.20

What is being assessed? Who may be affected by it?	Reduced Graduate Training Budget	What are the key	the key training budget for 2021/22 on all staff an		the graduate
Date of full EqIA on service area (planned or completed)		aims of it?			
Form completed by:	Clare Davies	Start date	November 2020	End date	Ongoing
		Review date		November 2021	

What data / information are you using to inform your assessment?	Workforce Equalities Data as of November 2020	Have any information gaps been identified along the way? If so, please specify	Currently no workforce information is held on socio-economic status of the Stevenage Borough Council workforce and therefore this cannot be assessed.
--	---	---	---

Explain the potential positive, negative or unequal impact on the following characteristics and how likely this is:					
Age	The number of employees impacted by the savings is less than 5 and therefore not identified. However, all graduates at SBC are from the National Local Government Scheme and have a full learning and	Race	The number of employees impacted by the savings is less than 5 and therefore not identified.		

	development programme. We also have vacant posts so they will not be disproportionately impacted.		
Disability	None of the employees impacted by the proposed savings have identified as disabled and therefore no disproportionate effects are anticipated.	Religion or belief	The number of employees impacted by the savings is less than 5 and therefore not identified.
Gender reassignment	Data for this protected characteristic is incomplete for the employees impacted by the proposed savings options.	Sex	The number of employees impacted by the savings is less than 5 and therefore not identified.
Marriage or civil partnership	The number of employees impacted by the savings is less than 5 and therefore not identified.	Sexual orientation	The number of employees impacted by the savings is less than 5 and therefore not identified.
Pregnancy & maternity	No information is held on the pregnancy and maternity status of the employees impacted by the proposed savings.	Socio-economic <sup>11</sup>	No information is held on the socio-economic status of the employees impacted by the proposed savings.
Other			

Where there is a likely positive impact, please explain how it will help to fulfil our legislative duties to:					
Remove discrimination	Continue with	Promote equal	Access to the	Encourage good	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>Although non-statutory, the council has chosen to implement the Socio-Economic Duty and so decision-makers should use their discretion to consider the impact on people with a socio-economic disadvantage.

& harassment National Graduate Programme Development Programme and promote other learning opportunities	opportunities	apprenticeship levy funded courses	relations	
---	---------------	---------------------------------------	-----------	--

Action	Responsible officer	How will this be delivered and monitored?	Deadline

Approved by Assistant Director / Strategic Director: Clare Davies Date: 12.11.20

What is being assessed?	FS45 – Removal of cash collection	What are	Stop collecting	ollecting cash in order to save money, rnative payment methods are	
Who may be affected by it?	Residents, Businesses, Staff, Partners	the key aims of it?			
Date of full EqIA on service area (planned or completed)	N/A				
Form completed by:	Ruth Luscombe	Start date		End date	
Form completed by:		Review dat	e		

What data / information are you using to inform your assessment?	Cash represented only 1.17% of payments collected last year and alternative means are available for all services.	Have any information gaps been identified along the way? If so, please specify	We do not know who pays for car parking in cash. However there are a number of alternatives available. There are health and hygiene reasons for not accepting cash during the COVID-19 pandemic – card and phone payments are available.
--	--	---	---

Explain the potential positive, negative or unequal impact on the following characteristics and how likely this is:				
Age	N/A	Race	N/A	
Disability	N/A	Religion or belief	N/A	
Gender reassignment	N/A	Sex	N/A	
Marriage or civil partnership	N/A	Sexual orientation	N/A	

Pregnancy & maternity	N/A	Socio-economic <sup>12</sup>	Unequal – those small minority of people who may not have a bank account may be negatively impacted. Cash payments which would have been made to Customer Services can still be made via the Post Office.
Other			

Where there is a likely <b>positive impact</b> , please explain how it will help to <b>fulfil our legislative duties</b> to:					
Remove discrimination	Promote equal	Encourage good			
& harassment	opportunities	relations			

Action	Responsible officer	How will this be delivered and monitored?	Deadline
If a negative or unequal (high or low) impact has been identified, you should assess this further in a Full EqIA	Ruth Luscombe	Keep payment options under review in response to customer feedback	April 2022

Approved by Assistant Director / Strategic Director: Ruth Luscombe Date: 12<sup>th</sup> November 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup>Although non-statutory, the council has chosen to implement the Socio-Economic Duty and so decision-makers should use their discretion to consider the impact on people with a socio-economic disadvantage.

What is being assessed?	<b>FS19 -</b> Combine the Town- wide Resident Survey and the Council Tenant Satisfaction Survey (known as 'STAR'), which are now undertaken every 3 years.		The Town-wide survey of resident householders seeks feedback and resident perception on a range of issues and services and supports the council's priority-setting process. The 'STAR' survey is used across the housing sector and enables the council to		
Who may be affected by it?	Resident householders and council tenants		assess levels of satisfaction, to i	dentify their p	priorities and to
Date of full EqIA on service area (planned or completed)	N/A	What are the key aims of it? The proposal is to reduce the ov combining the two surveys and/ the survey length/overall number Additionally, there are plans to in other community engagement a the co-operative neighbourhood will complement the Resident ar surveys. These will be undertake by the council's community dever		e overall cost by nd/or reducing nbers surveyed. to increase nt activities at bod level, which t and STAR taken 'in-house' evelopment	
Form completed by:	Katrina Shirley	Start date     14.11.20     End date       Review date     N/A			

What data / information are you using to inform your assessment?	<ul> <li>SBC Resident Survey Report 2017/18</li> <li>SBC STAR Survey Report</li> <li>SBC Community Engagement Framework</li> <li>SBC Equality and Diversity Policy</li> <li>Housemark STAR guidance</li> <li>Local Government Association (LGA) guidance on benchmarking resident satisfaction data.</li> <li>General Comments:</li> <li>Resident/STAR survey responses:</li> <li>In conducting the surveys, the views of random samples of resident householders and tenants are canvassed. In 2017/18, the surveys resulted in the following number of responses</li> <li>Resident survey - 1067 (margin of error in results = +/- 3%)</li> <li>General Needs tenants - 483 (margin of error in results = +/- 4%)</li> <li>Sheltered tenants - 367 (margin of error in results = +/- 3.75)</li> <li>Returned samples are checked for differential response rates and results are weighted to correct for this, so that the reported results are broadly representative of the population of residents and tenants.</li> <li>The number of responses achieved in 2017/18 met good practice standards and benchmarking requirements. Every effort will be made to achieve the same level of responses from residents and general needs tenants in 2021/22 through the combined survey, if the budget allows. It is unlikely that the same level of sheltered tenant responses can be achieved as in 2017/18 however. It should be noted that the combined total number people surveyed will be lower than in 2017/18, and the</li> </ul>	Have any information gaps been identified along the way? If so, please specify	Detailed information on the size of sample/ breadth of survey questions that can be achieved within the revised budget.
--	--	---	--

range of issues consulted upon will be reduced (however, see comments below on addressing this and enhancing the approach through the use of other engagement channels).	
Anonymised information on the protected characteristics of respondents is collected through the survey in respect of sex, age, ethnic origin, disability and working status. This enables some analysis of the profile of tenants and residents to be undertaken and enables significant differences in responses to be identified. It should be noted that all results are subject to sampling tolerances, which means that not all differences are statistically significant, particularly where the numbers within a particular protected characteristic group are relatively small.	
<ul> <li><u>SBC Community Engagement Framework</u></li> <li>The Resident and STAR surveys are just one part of a broader approach to community engagement in Stevenage, which involves a range ways in which the council consults with and involves residents and tenants. The Community Engagement Framework includes the following aim (which aligns with Goal 3 of the Equality &amp; Diversity Policy):</li> <li>Providing and developing creative ways to engage with our communities, ensuring equality of opportunity in having a voice, which will be achieved by: <ul> <li>Promoting and supporting processes that engage and provide representation for communities in decision making</li> <li>Developing more creative approaches that encourage engagement from all sections of our community, using digital and neighbourhood networks</li> <li>Providing opportunities for our protected characteristic communities to come together in exploring the needs of minority communities, groups and organisations.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
In this context, in 2021/22, a co-ordinated approach will be adopted, in	

which the Resident/STAR survey will be complemented by other	
engagement activities at the Cooperative Neighbourhood level. This is a positive step that will enable us to reach new people in different ways,	
including those from protected characteristic groups.	

Explain the pot	ential positive, negative or unequal impact or	the following o	characteristics and how likely this is:
Age	General (potential neutral impact)	Race	Potential Positive Impact
	In general terms, if the same number of		In general terms, if the same number of
	responses from residents and general needs		responses from residents and tenants can be
	tenants can be achieved as in 2017/18 within		achieved as in 2017/18, views of residents and
	the revised budget, views of differing ages		tenants from black, Asian and minority ethnic
	can continue to be canvassed and compared		backgrounds can continue to be canvassed and
	through the combined Resident/STAR survey		compared through the combined survey, to the
	to the same level of statistical accuracy.		same level of statistical accuracy.
	Older People (potential negative impact)		However, the Resident/STAR survey has
	It will not be possible within a combined,		limitations in this regard, given the generalised
	shorter survey to ask the specific additional		nature of the survey and the relatively small
	questions to Independent Living Scheme		number of responses that can be achieved
	tenants that were asked in the STAR		through the sample from people from black,
	20017/18 and the number of responses from		Asian and minority ethnic backgrounds.
	these tenants will be lower. This may be		
	mitigated through a separate engagement		By undertaking more focused engagement
	activity, but this will require internal resource.		activity with the diverse range of black, Asian
			and minority ethnic communities in Stevenage,
	Younger People (potential positive		their views and feedback can be better
	impact)		captured.
	As the Resident Survey is targeted at		
	householders, the profile of respondents is		
	inherently older than the general resident		
	population. By undertaking other engagement		

	activity specifically targeted at younger people, the views of this group will be better captured.		
Disability	Potential Positive Impact In general terms, if the same number of responses from residents and tenants can be achieved as in 2017/18, views of residents and tenants with disabilities can continue to be canvassed and compared through the combined survey, to the same level of statistical accuracy. In addition, by undertaking complementary engagement activity specifically targeted at people with disabilities, more focused consultation with this group can be achieved.	Religion or belief	<ul> <li>Potential Positive Impact</li> <li>Previous Resident and STAR surveys have not analysed results by respondents' religion or belief and because of the general nature of the surveys and the sampling approach, it is unlikely they would be particularly effective in this regard.</li> <li>By undertaking more focused engagement activity with faith groups the views of people of different religion or beliefs can be better captured.</li> </ul>
Gender reassignment	Potential Positive Impact Previous Resident and STAR surveys have not analysed results by this protected characteristic and because of the general nature of the surveys and the sampling approach, it is unlikely they would be effective in this regard. There is the potential to undertake more focused engagement activity to capture the views of this protected characteristic group.	Sex	Potential Neutral Impact In general terms, if the same number of responses from residents and tenants can be achieved as in 2017/18, views of male and female respondents can continue to be canvassed and compared through the combined Resident/STAR survey to the same level of statistical accuracy.
Marriage or civil partnership	<b>Neutral Impact:</b> In general terms, if the same number of responses from residents and tenants can be achieved as in 2017/18, views of people of	Sexual orientation	<b>Potential Positive Impact:</b> The previous Resident and STAR surveys did not analyse results in relation to this protected characteristic and more focused engagement

	different marital status can continue to be canvassed and compared through the combined Resident/STAR survey to the same level of statistical accuracy.		activity may enable views to be better captured.
Pregnancy & maternity	<b>Neutral Impact:</b> The Resident and STAR surveys do not analyse results in relation to this protected characteristic.	Socio- economic <sup>13</sup>	Potential Neutral Impact: In general terms, if the same number of responses from residents and tenants can be achieved as in 2017/18, views of respondents from differing socio-economic backgrounds can continue to be canvassed and compared through the combined Resident/STAR survey to the same level of statistical accuracy.
Other			

Where there is a likely pe	ositive impact, please	explain how it wil	I help to <b>fulfil our legis</b>	lative duties to:	
Remove discrimination	By widening the	Promote equal	The proposed	Encourage good	
& harassment	range of	opportunities	approach to widen	relations	
	engagement		the range of		
	activities, the		engagement		
	council can better		activities will		
	understand whether		increase		
	perceptions of the		opportunities for		
	town and the		people from		
	experience of		protected		
	council services		characteristic groups		
	differ amongst		to express their		
	people from		views on issues and		
	protected		services and better		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup>Although non-statutory, the council has chosen to implement the Socio-Economic Duty and so decision-makers should use their discretion to consider the impact on people with a socio-economic disadvantage.

characteristic	inform council	
groups compared to	decisions	
the wider population		

Action	Responsible officer	How will this be delivered and monitored?	Deadline
Establish the revised Resident/STAR survey sampling/questionnaire approach	Corporate Policy & Business Support Manager	C&N Service Plan	February 2021
Develop an engagement plan incorporating both the Resident/STAR survey and other engagement activities	Community Development Manager	C&N Service Plan	February 2021

# Approved by Assistant Director/ Strategic Director: Rob Gregory Date: 16/11/20

# Full Equality Impact Assessment

For a policy, project, service or other decision that is new, changing or under review

What is being assessed?		? Introdu	Introduction of revised charges for the cemetery provisions.		
Lead Assessor	L Walker			Assessment team	L Walker C Skeels
Start date	1 <sup>st</sup> January 2021	End date	31 <sup>st</sup> December 2021		
When will the EqIA be reviewed?				_	

Who may be	Residents and customers choosing SBC cemeteries for the burial or interment of deceased relatives
affected by it?	etc.
What are the	Increased oberges to move towards it being a nen subsidized service
key aims of it?	Increased charges to move towards it being a non-subsidised service

What <b>positive measures</b> are in place (if any) to help <b>fulfil our legislative duties</b> to:					
Remove discrimination	Promote equal	Encourage goo	bd		
& harassment	opportunities	relations			

What sources of data / information are you using to	Current financial data / performance
inform your assessment?	Market intelligence in terms of appetite for service. Benchmarking against other Hertfordshire Local Authorities data for burial fees and charges.

In assessing the potential impact on people, are there any overall comments that you would like to make?	The fees and charges are applied consistently and are not influenced by any factors. Consideration is given specifically to the Socio-Economic category, as part of the range of interment options. This ensures that where there may be some unequal impact in the socio- economic category, that there are also options for individuals that may struggle to afford other
	options.

#### **Evidence and impact assessment**

Explain the potential impact and opportunities it could have for people in terms of the following characteristics, where applicable:

Age					
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact	
Please evidence the data and		No restrictions or impact relating to age. Same fees apply for service regardless of age			
information you used to support this					
assessment					
What opportunities are			What do you still need		
there to promote			to find out? Include in		
equality and inclusion?			actions (last page)		

Disability						
e.g. physical impairment	t, mental ill h	ealth, learning difficu	ulties, long-standing illne	ess		
Positive impact	Negative impact		Unequal impact			
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this		No impact, charges relate to all those choosing to use the service				
assessment						
What opportunities are			What do you still need			
there to promote			to find out? Include in			
equality and inclusion?			actions (last page)			

Gender reassignm	nent				
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact	
	ormation you used to support this		elate to all those choosing	g to use the service	
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?			What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)		

Marriage or civil partnership					
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact	
Please evidence the data and No impact, charges re information you used to support this		elate to all those choosing	to use the service		
assessment					
What opportunities are			What do you still need		
there to promote			to find out? Include in		
equality and inclusion?			actions (last page)		

Pregnancy & maternity					
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact	
	Please evidence the data and No impact, charges reinformation you used to support this			g to use the service	
		deceased babies and child r ashes interment fees	dren (under 16) par	ents/guardians are	
What opportunities are			What do you still need		
there to promote			to find out? Include in		

|--|

Race					
Positive impact	Negative impact			Unequal impact	
Please evidence the data information you used to s assessment	1, 5		elate to all those choosing	g to use the service	
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?			What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)		

Religion or belief				
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact
Please evidence the data a information you used to su assessment	ation you used to support this		relate to all those choosing	to use the service
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?			What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)	

Sex			
Positive impact	Negative impact		Unequal impact
Please evidence the data and	No impact, charges re	elate to all those choosing	g to use the service
information you used to support	this		
assessment			
What opportunities are		What do you still need	
there to promote		to find out? Include in	

equality and inclusion? actions (last page)
---

Sexual orientation e.g. straight, lesbian / ga					
Positive impact		Negative impact		Unequal impact	
		No impact, charges	relate to all those choosing	g to use the service	
information you used to support this					
assessment					
What opportunities are			What do you still need		
there to promote			to find out? Include in		
equality and inclusion?			actions (last page)		

Socio-economic <sup>14</sup> e.g. low income, unemployed, homelessness, caring responsibilities, access to internet, public transport users, social value in procurement						
Positive impact		Negative impact	yes	Unequal impact	Yes	
Please evidence the data information you used to su assessment	tion you used to support this to disproportionately			cio-economic group erall our offering is	b. Benchmarking still below others,	
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?	The council offers a range of interment options of differing fees to ensure the services are inclusive to all including the new Sanctum product range. This		What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup>Although non-statutory, the council has chosen to implement the Socio-Economic Duty and so decision-makers should use their discretion to consider the impact on people with a socio-economic disadvantage.

product is a more affordable offering compared to burial or interment options. If a family is financially struggling and in receipt of certain benefits there is government/social help available as well as the option to involve the assistance of our Environmental Health Dept.	
---	--

Other please feel free to consider the potential impact on people in any other contexts							
Positive impact	•	Negative impact	Yes	Unequal impact			
•		Increased charges ar ability to pay for the s	nd triple fees may impact service.	non Stevenage Bo	rough residents'		
What opportunities are there to promote equality and inclusion?	choose a cei deceased's d	ave the ability to metery within the own district which will ed additional for non-	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)				

# What are the findings of any consultation with:

Staff?	SDS management /Finance	Residents?	
Voluntary & community sector?		Partners?	
Other stakeholders?	LA benchmarking		

# **Overall conclusion & future activity**

Explain the overall findings of the assessment and reasons for outcome (please choose one):						
1. No inequality, inclusion issues or opportunities to						
further improve have been identified						
Negative / unequal impact, barriers to						
inclusion or	2b. Continue as planned	To move towards a non-subsidised service				
improvement opportunities identified	2c. Stop and remove					

Detail the actions that are needed as a result of this assessment and how they will help to remove discrimination & harassment, promote equal opportunities and / or encourage good relations:							
Action	Will this help to remove, promote and / or encourage?	Responsible officer	Deadline	How will this be embedded as business as usual?			
Monitor impact of charges on service and numbers of services being undertaken	Aonitor impact of charges on ervice and numbers of Will help to inform future		31 Oct 21	Monthly budget monitoring Feedback from residents / funeral undertakers			

Approved by Assistant Director / Strategic Director: Steve Dupoy Date: 11/11/20

Full Equality Impact Assessment For a policy, project, service or other decision that is new, changing or under review

What is being assessed?		Mead	Meadow Grassland Management to Selected Parks			
Lead				Assessme	Kris White	
Assess	Julia Hill			nt team	Gordon Drake	
or						
Start	February	End				
date	2021	date				
	When will the EalA be		er 2021			

Who may be affected by it?	Residents; visitors; clubs; community groups; employees; organisations
What are the key aims of it?	<ul> <li>To provide accessible, clean, green and well managed public spaces</li> <li>To make provision across the town for a range of park users – formal and informal</li> <li>To provide a diversity of landscape within the main parks to benefit users and wildlife</li> <li>Financial security savings</li> </ul>

What <b>positive measures</b> are in place (if any) to help <b>fulfil our legislative duties</b> to:						
Remove	• Parks are accessible to everyone, at	Promote	<ul> <li>Parks are</li></ul>	Encourage	•	
discrimination &		equal	accessible	good	Volunteerin	
harassment		opportunitie	to everyone,	relations	g	

no cost.	S	at no charge.		opportuniti es • Community events
----------	---	------------------	--	--

What sources of data / information are you using to inform your assessment?	<ul><li>Previous experience</li><li>Feedback from parks users and residents</li></ul>
--	---

In assessing the	Wide paths will be cut through the meadow grassland so all visitors currently
potential impact on	able to access the short mown grass will be able to access the meadows too.
people, are there any	Areas of short mown grass will be maintained at each site to enable access to
overall comments that	fixed equipment (play or outdoor gym) and to provide space for informal use
you would like to	such as family picnics, informal kickabout areas etc.
make?	

Evidence and impact assessment Explain the potential impact and opportunities it could have for people in terms of the following characteristics, where applicable:

Age					
Positive	None	Negative	None	Unequal	None
impact		impact		impact	
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment		The parks are f	reely open to all men	nbers of the co	mmunity.

What opportunities are there to promote equality and	Make future interpretation boards easy to read for all ages.	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last
inclusion?		page)

**Disability** e.g. physical impairment, mental ill health, learning difficulties, long-standing illness

Positive	Better	access to	Negative	None	Unequal	None	
impact	wildlife can		impact		impact		
	impro	ve mental					
	wellbe	eing					
Please evide	nce the	e data	The parks are fi	he parks are freely open to all members of the community.			
and informat	and information you used to		Nide paths will be cut through the meadow grass, so they are				
support this a	assessi	ment	accessible to re	sidents with disabilit	ies.		
What		Make futu	re interpretation	What do you still			
opportunities	opportunities are boards ea		sy to access for	need to find out?			
there to promote all abilities		<b>.</b>	Include in				
equality and			actions (last				
inclusion?				page)			

Gender reassignment					
Positive	None	Negative	None	Unequal	None
impact		impact		impact	
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment		The parks are f	reely open to all mer	nbers of the co	ommunity.

What	What do you st	
opportunities are	need to find ou	?
there to promote	Include in	
equality and	actions (last	
inclusion?	page)	

Marriage or civil partnership						
Positive	None		Negative	None	Unequal	None
impact			impact		impact	
Please evidence the data and		data and	The parks are freely open to all members of the community.			
	information you used to					
support this assessment		nent				
What opportu	What opportunities			What do you still		
are there to	are there to			need to find out?		
promote equality				Include in actions		
and inclusion	?			(last page)		

Pregnancy & maternity							
Positive	None			Negative	None	Unequal	None
impact				impact		impact	
and informati	Please evidence the data and information you used to upport this assessment		Т	he parks are fi	reely open to all men	nbers of the co	mmunity.
What opportunities there to prom equality and inclusion?					What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)		

Race						
Positive	None		Negative	None	Unequal	None
impact			impact		impact	
Please evident and informatio support this as	ion you used to		The parks are f	reely open to all men	nbers of the co	mmunity.
What opporturio are there to promote equal and inclusion?	nities Include opportur translation to any lity interpretation bo		n to any	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)		

Religion or belief						
Positive	None		Negative	None	Unequal	None
impact			impact		impact	
Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment		used to	The parks are f	reely open to all men	nbers of the co	mmunity.
What opportu are there to promote equa and inclusion	ality			What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last		
				page)		

Sex
Positive impactNoneUnequal impactNone

Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment	The parks are freely open to all members of the community.
What opportunities	What do you still
are there to promote	need to find out?
equality and	Include in actions
inclusion?	(last page)

### **Sexual orientation** e.g. straight, lesbian / gay, bisexual Negative Positive None None Unequal None impact impact impact The parks are freely open to all members of the community. Please evidence the data and information you used to support this assessment What do you still What opportunities are there to need to find out? promote equality Include in and inclusion? actions (last page)

Socio-eco e.g. low inco public trans social value	ome, ui port us	nemployed, sers,	homelessnes	s, caring responsib	ilities, access	to internet,
Positive impact	freely memb comm Parks public links t	have good transport hrough bus s, cycle and strian	Negative impact	None	Unequal impact	None
and information	se evidence the data nformation you used to ort this assessment		The parks are fr	eely open to all mer	nbers of the co	mmunity.
What opportu are there to promote equand inclusion	unities Promotion the variet ality opportuni		of parks and of es that they	What do you still need to find out? Include in actions (last page)		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup>Although non-statutory, the council has chosen to implement the Socio-Economic Duty and so decision-makers should use their discretion to consider the impact on people with a socio-economic disadvantage.

Other please feel free	e to consider th	e potential imp	act on people in ar	ny other conte	xts
Positive		Negative		Unequal	
impact		impact		impact	
Please evidence and information support this ass	you used to				
What opportuni	ties		What do you still		
are there to			need to find out?		
promote equalit	y		Include in		
and inclusion?			actions (last page)		

## What are the findings of any consultation with:

Staff?		Residents?	A number of residents have requested more meadow managed grassland in the town	
Voluntary & community sector?		Partners?		
Other stakeholders?	The introduction of more meadow managed grassland is an action within the Stevenage Biodiversity Action Plan, and fits with the towns efforts to tackle climate change			

# **Overall conclusion & future activity**

Explain the overall findings of the assessment and reasons for outcome (please choose one):

1. No inequality, inclu opportunities to furthe identified		No inequality / inclusion issues identified, but opportunities identified to promote equality and inclusion will be taken forward.
Negative / unequal	2a. Adjustments	
impact, barriers to	made	
inclusion or	2b. Continue as	
improvement	planned	
opportunities	2c. Stop and	
identified	remove	

Detail the **actions that are needed** as a result of this assessment and how they will help to **remove discrimination & harassment**, **promote equal opportunities** and / or **encourage good relations**:

Action	Will this help to remove, promote and / or encourage?	Responsible officer	Deadline	How will this be embedded as business as usual?
Implement interpretation boards to explain why, how and benefits of managing meadow grassland in the parks	Signage will be designed to be as inclusive as possible for all Stevenage residents and visitors	Julia Hill	March 2021	Included within SDS Communications Plan for 2021 and beyond

Approved by Assistant Director / Strategic Director: Steve Dupoy Date: 11/11/20